

8/10 3119



sig. - grew on corn meal agar
revamped with sterile
H₂O over the weekend @ room
temperature.

GE I
AI
YC
OR
PU
(1

5/3/82 - sig. - grew on corn meal agar

5/17/82 " 3119 must have become contaminated - It
makes orange conidia + forms perithecia
that are black. (DAP - May 12, 82) note

replaced with FGSC #3960



IF UNPUBLISHED, please indicate strain of origin, mutagen, worker,
distinguishing characteristics _____

LINKAGE GROUP(S) VR R, II R; COMMENTS (special growth conditions,
aberrations, heterocaryon compatibility, genetic background, comple-
mentation group, etc.) _____

(use additional space on back of page if necessary)

YOUR NAME David Perkins DATE 25 Jul 77

Please do not write below this line

lyophilized 8/10/77, _____, _____, _____

checked for viability OK, _____, _____, _____

checked for genotype _____

other storage method 8/10/77, _____, _____, _____

checked for viability OK, _____, _____, _____

sent to:

name	date	name	date
(ex) M. P. Dargent (U. Ill., Urbana)	8/20/80		
(ex) T. Anghel (U. Bucarest, Romania)	7/28/81		
(ex) D.D. Perkins (Stanford U.)	5/3/87		
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Comments:

per-1 ascospores are colorless and germinate spontaneously.
(or light colored)

(A few darker) Perithecial walls not black when fused as ♀ parent.

Stains of per with fluffy are useful for genetics because no
conidia are produced and ascospores can be isolated
readily. albino makes color scoring of perithecia more easy.

Please do not write in this space

replaced 7/1/82
with FGSC #3960