Fungal Genetics Stock Center Dept: of Microbiology Univ. of Kansas Medical Center Kansas City, KS 66103-7240

PLEASE PROVIDE COMPLETE INFORMATION

Reprints of other data relating to this deposit will aid the Stock Center and recipients of this strain.

Accession number

SPECIES
GENOTYPE cspA1; brnA2; pyrG5; metB10; nicB5
DESIGNATION OF MUTANT ALLELES125105
LINKAGE GROUP(S) (III) (I) (VII) (VII)
STRAIN DESIGNATION IF WILD-TYPE
YOUR STOCK NUMBER FOR THIS CULTURE. EK184
ORIGIN OF SŢOCK
for example - obtained from, genetic background, from diploid with; or if collected from nature, collection point, substrate and collector.
PUBLISHED REFERENCES. None; special feature: two mutations for double transformation, pyrG5 & nicB5;
pyrG: v. Hartingsveldt et al. (1987; A. niger-A.nid pyrG transformation) Mol. Gen. Genet. 206:71-75] and
nicB5, being cloned (Verdoes et al. 1995; Curr.Genet. 30: 305; & Storms et al., pers. communication).
IF UNPUBLISHED, please indicate strain of origin, mutagen, worker,
genetic background, important characteristics Strain of origin for all strains: FGSC# A733
For close to optimal growth and good recovery of <u>pyrG</u> , supplements of 10 mM Uracil + 5mM uridine is used
COMMENTS (special growth requirements, aberrations, heterokaryon compatibility, special uses of strain, etc.)
Easy selection of pyrG mutants by resistance to 5FOA in recipient strains has led to the development of many
pyrG-based transformation systems; for stepwise transformation these are combined with other selectable
markers, the aim being a wild type end product with normal growth rate and high metabolic rate. (use back of page if necessary)
VOUR NAME Etta Kafer DATE March 20 1998