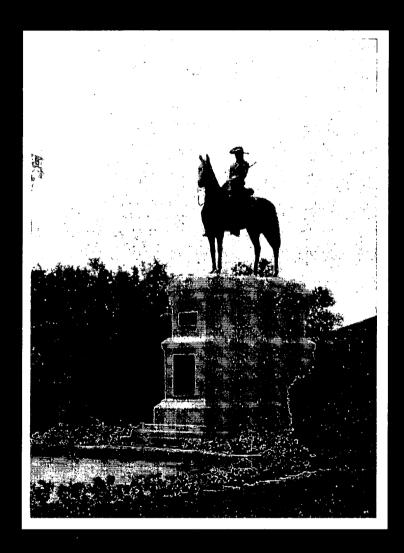
# INSTALLATION RESTORATION PROGRAM INSTALLATION ACTION PLAN

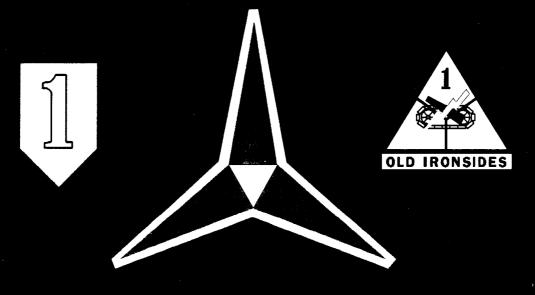


FORT RILEY MARCH 1999



# FORT RILEY INSTALLATION ACTION PLAN

PMERICA'S



ARMY

**MARCH 1999** 

## **PURPOSE**

The purpose of the Installation Action Plan (IAP) is to outline the total multi-year restoration program for an installation. The plan will define all Installation Restoration Program (IRP) requirements and propose a comprehensive approach and associated costs to conduct future investigations and remedial actions at each IRP site at the installation and other areas of concern.

In an effort to coordinate planning information between the IRP manager, major army commands (MACOMs), installations, executing agencies, regulatory agencies, and the public, an IAP has been completed for Fort Riley. The IAP is used to track requirements, schedules and budgets for all major Army installation restoration programs.

This Fort Riley IAP was principally developed in July 1998 at a meeting in Kansas City, Mo. Participants included representatives of Kansas Department of Health and Environment, EPA Region VII, U.S. Geological Survey, Fort Riley's Restoration Advisory Board, U.S. Army Environmental Center, U.S. Army Forces Command Headquarters, as well as the Fort Riley Directorate of Environment and Safety and the Kansas City District Army Corps of Engineers. This IAP is updated annually.

All site specific funding and schedule information has been prepared according to projected overall Army funding levels and is therefore subject to change. Under current project funding, Fort Riley will have all remedies in place by 2010.

# **APPROVAL**

## FORT RILEY

any m Brom

LĂRRY M. BROM

COL, ARMOR

**Garrison Commander** 

Fort Riley Kansas

# CONCURRENCE

# FORCES COMMAND

Mike Fruka

MIKE FRNKA Chief, Environmental Branch HQ FORSCOM

# CONTRIBUTORS TO THIS YEAR'S IAP

### **NAME**

### **ORGANIZATION**

Craig Bernstein U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 7

Randy Carlson Kansas Department of Health and Environment

John Cook Dynamac/Fort Riley

John Ekhoff U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Kansas City District

Carol Fittro Fort Riley, DES

Tina Gassen Dynamac/Fort Riley

Tiffany S. Gates-Tull U.S. Army Forces Command, IRP Support

Kathy Brown George Fort Riley Community Restoration Advisory Board Co-Chair

Michael Greene U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Kansas City District

George Gricius U.S. Army Forces Command

Joe King U.S. Army Environmental Center

Robert Koke U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 7

Frank McStay

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Kansas City District

Nathan Myers U.S. Geological Survey

Glen Shonkwiler U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Kansas City District

Richard Van Saun

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Kansas City District

Janet Wade Fort Riley, DES

Scott Young U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Kansas City District

# **ACRONYMS & ABBREVIATIONS**

AC/RC Active Component/ ReserveComponent

AEC Army Environmental Center

AOC Area of Concern
AR Administrative Record
AST Aboveground Storage Tank

Bldg Building

BFEX Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, and Xylene

CA Corrective Action
CAP Corrective Action Plan
CC Construction Cost

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980
CERCLIS Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Information System

CENWK U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Kansas City District

CMI Corrective Measure Investigation
CMS Corrective Measure Study

CY Cubic Yards

**DA** Department of Army

DASA(ESOH) Deputy Assistant Secretary of Army (Evronmental Safety and Occupational Health)

DCEDichloroethyeneDCFDry Cleaning FacilitiesDDDecision Document

**DEH**Directorate of Engineering and Housing**DERA**Defense Environmental Restoration Account**DERP**Defense Environmental Restoration Program

**DES** Directorate of Environmental Safety

DM Decision Memorandum
DOD Department of Defense
DOL Directorate of Logistics
DPW Directorate of Public Works

**DRMO** Defense Reutilization and Marketing Office

**DSERTS** Defense Sites Environmental Restoration Tracking System

DSGS Direct Support General Support EE/CA Engineer Evaluation/Cost Analysis

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

ER,A Environmental Restoration, Army (formally known as DERA)

FFA Federal Facility Aggrement FORSCOM U.S. Army Forces Command

**FMR** 

JP-8

FS Feasibility Study
FTRI Fort Riley
FY Fiscal Year
GW Groundwater

GMS Groundwater Modeling System

HRS Hazard Ranking Score HW Hazardous Waste IAP Installation Action Plan **IAG** Interagency Agreement IFI **Intitial Field Investigation** IR Information Repositories IRA Interim Remedial Action IRP **Installation Restoration Program IWSA** Installation Wide Site Assessment JP-4 Jet Propellant Number Four

**KDHE** Kansas Department of Health and Environment

LTM Long Term Monitoring
LTO Long Term Operation

MAAF-FFTA Marshall Army Airfield - Former Fire Training Area

Jet Propellant Number Eight

MATES Mobilization and Training Equipment Site

MCL Maximum Contaminant Level

# **ACRONYMS & ABBREVIATIONS**

### LIST OF ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS CONTINUED...

NCP National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan

NE Not Evaluated
NFA No Further Action

NFRAP No Further Remedial Action Planned

NOV Notice of Violation
NPL National Priorities List

OB/OD Open Burning / Open Detonation
OMA Operations and Maintenance - Army

OU Operable Unit

OWS Oil and Water Separator
PA Preliminary Assessment
PAOC Potential Areas of Concern
PCB Polychlorinated Biphenyls

PCE Perchloroethylene (Tetrachloroethylene)

POL Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants

PPB Parts Per Billion
PPM Parts Per Million
PSF

**PSF** Pesticide Storage Facility

PX Post Exchange PY Prior Year RA Remedial Action

RA(C) Remedial Action - Construction
RA(O) Remedial Action - Operation
RAB Restoration Advisory Board
RAP Remedial Action Plan

RC Response Complete

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RD Remedial Design
REM Removal

RI Remedial Investigation
RIP Remedy in Place
ROD Record of Decision

RRSE Relative Risk Site Evaluation
S&A Supervision and Administration

SARA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

SE Southeast

SFL Southwest Funston Landfill
SEFL Southeast Funston Landfill

SI Site Inspection

S&RSupervision and ReviewSTPSewage Treatment PlantSVESoil Vapor Extraction

SVOC Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds SWMU Solid Waste Management Unit

TCE Trichloroethylene

TCLP Toxicity Characteristic Leachate Procedure

TMP Temporary Motor Pool
TPH Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons
TRC Technical Review Committee

USACE United States Army Corps of Engineers

USACHPPM United States Army Center for Health Promotion and Preventive Medicine (replaced AEHA)

USAEC United States Army Environmental Center

USATHAMA United States Army Toxic and Hazardous Materials Agency (replaced by AEC)

USGS United States Geological Survey
UST Underground Storage Tank
UXO Unexploded Ordnance
VOC Volatile Organic Compounds

# TABLE OF CONTENTS INSTALLATION ACTION PLAN

<b>SUMM</b> A	1RY	
Installatio	on Action Plan Summary	i
INSTAL	LATION INFORMATION & DESCRIPTION	
Installatio Installatio	n Informationn Description	
CONTA	MINATION ASSESSMENT	
	ation AssessmentRP Studies	
SITE D	ESCRIPTIONS	
<b>OPERAB</b>	LE UNITS/INDIVIDUAL SITE PROJECTS	1
FTRI-003	SOUTHWEST FUNSTON LANDFILL, OU 001	2
FTRI-030	PESTICIDE STORAGE FACILITY (MIXING), OU 002	3
FTRI-027	DRY CLEANING FACILITIES AREA, OU 003	4
FTRI-019	FORMER FIRE TRAINING AREA FFTA-MAAF, OU 004	4
	BLDG 354 AREA SOLVENT DETECTIONS, OU005	
FTRI-001	CUSTER HILL SANITARY LANDFILL	2
	IMPACT ZONE	
MULTIPI	LE SITE INVESTIGATIONS	8
FTRI-035	NON-IMPACT AREA SMALL ARMS RANGES	ç
	INDUSTRIAL WASTEWATER SYSTEM (CUSTER HL)	
FTRI-041	FURNITURE REPAIR SHOPS (3)	11
FTRI-036	SOUTHEAST FUNSTON LANDFILL	12
	FORMER DRMO LOCATION (DRMO AREA 2)	
	DRMO STORAGE AREA	
	WASTE STORAGE DRMO SECONDARY AREA	
	OLD WHITSIDE INCINERATOR AREA	
	PHOTO AND PRINT PLANTS	
	FRMR DSGS - BLDG 1693 AND ADJACENT AREAS	
	FORMER LIVESTOCK DIPPING FACILITY	
	FORMER PESTICIDES FACILITIES	
FTRI-050	PCB SPILL AREAS /TRANSFORMER SITES	?]
FTRI-052	INACTIVE LANDFILLS - CAMP WHITSIDE	?2
FTRI-055	MILFORD LAKE CAMPGROUND/MARINA WELLS	- ?3
	WHITSIDE CONSTRT. DEBRIS LANDFILL-ACTIVE	
	NFA SITES	

# TABLE OF CONTENTS INSTALLATION ACTION PLAN

### SITE DESCRIPTIONS (continued)

SUPPLEMENTAL SITE INVESTIGATIONS	26
FTRI-009 OB/OD GROUND (RANGE 16)	27
FTRI-011 CAMP FUNSTON GW DETECTIONS	28
FTRI-029 OLD INCINERATOR SITE SE-CAMP FUNSTON	29
FTRI-038 FORSYTH LANDFILL(S)	
FTRI-051 BLDG. 727 WASTE PIT	31
FTRI-004 MAIN POST LANDFILL	32
POL/UST SITES	
FTRI-053 POL TANK FARM	
FTRI-054 CUSTER HILL PX USTS BLDG 5320	35
FTRI-056 ABANDONED GASOLINE LINE	36
FTRI-057 6200 AREA FUEL OIL LINE	37
FTRI-062 TMP GAS STATION BLDG 388	38
FTRI-063 FMR BLDG 1044 DISPENSING STATION	39
FTRI-066 FMR BLDG 1245 DISPENSING STATION	40
FTRI-068 FMR BLDG 1637 DISPENSING STATION	41
FTRI-061 FORMER GAS SERVICE STATION BLDG 354	42
FTRI-067 FMR BLDG 1539 DISPENSING STATION	42
FTRI-060 MAINPOST PX GAS STATION / 218	
FTRI-069 FMR BLDG 1890 DISPENSING STATION	
FTRI-059 REMOVE USTS	44
FTRI-064 FMR BLDG 1090 DISPENSING STATION	44
FTRI-065 FMR BLDG 1190 DISPENSING STATION	
FTRI-070 FMR BLDG 2341 DISPENSING STATION	44
FTRI-071 FMR BLDG 2345 DISPENSING STATION	
FTRI-072 BLDG 8340 FUEL OIL UST	
FTRI-073 BLDG 8360 FUEL OIL UST	44
SCHEDULE & DSERTS REPORTS	
Past Milestones	1
Future Milestones	2
No Further Action Sites	2
Schedule Chart	
DSERTS Phase Summary Report	
DSERTS IAP Report	

# TABLE OF CONTENTS INSTALLATION ACTION PLAN

### REMEDIATION ACTIVITIES

Past Removal / Interim Remedial Action / Remedial Action Assessment	1
Current Removal / Interim Remedial Action / Remedial Action Assessment	
Future Removal / Interim Remedial Action / Remedial Action Assessment	2
Innovative Means to Expedite the Study Process to RA Phase	3
COST ESTIMATES	
Prior Year Funds	1
Unconstrained Cost to Complete Chart	2
Constrained Cost to Complete Chart	<i>3</i>
COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT	
Restoration Advisory Board Status	<i>1</i>
DSERTS RAB Report	

## **SUMMARY**

STATUS:

Fort Riley was placed on the National Priorities List in 1990.

It's HRS Score is 33.8 which exceeds the 28.5 minimum score for listing on the NPL.

**NUMBER OF DSERTS SITES:** 

71 DSERTS sites

7

18 Active DERA Eligible Sites

50 Response Complete DERA Eligible Sites

3 Response Complete Non-DERA Eligible Sites

**DIFFERENT SITE TYPES:** 19 Underground Tank Farms

Underground Tank Farms 11 Spill Site Areas Landfills 4 Storage Areas

4 Sewage Treatment Plants

4 Above Ground Storage Tanks

3 Contaminated Groundwater Sites3 Incinerators

3 Fire Training Areas2 Pesticide Shops

2 Surface Impoundments/Lagoons

2 Small Arms Range

Surface Impoundments/Lago
Surface Disposal Area

1 Disposal Pit/Dry Well

Surface Disposal Area
 Dip Tank

1 Firing Range

Dip Tank
 Explosive Ordnance Disposal Area

Industrial Discharge Site

1 Unexploded Munitions/Ordnance Area

**CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:** 

Chlorinated solvents, petroleum hydrocarbons, metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soil, Groundwater, Surface Water

COMPLETED REM/IRA/RA:

REM - Excavation of lead contaminated soils at FTRI-035 (FY94) (Construction Cost (CC) = \$533,000)

- REM Excavation of pesticide contaminated soils at FTRI-030 (FY94) (CC = \$788,000)
- REM Replacement of leaking sewers at FTRI-027 (FY94 & FY96) (CC = \$100,000)
- REM Numerous UST removals (FY90 95) (CC = \$1,500,000)
- REM Bank stabilization and landfill cover repair and cover improvement at FTRI-003 (FY94 and FY96) (CC = \$4,000,000)
- Pilot Study Soil vapor extraction at FTRI-027 (FY95) (CC = \$500,000)
- Pilot Study Soil vapor extraction and bio-venting at FTRI-019 (FY95) (CC = \$900,000)
- REM Fuel lines and contaminated soil removed at FTRI-057 (FY96-97) (CC = \$2,300,000)

REM - Free Product Recovery at FTRI-062 and -063 (FY95) (CC = \$37,500)

**CURRENT IRP PHASES:** 

RI/FS (10 sites) IRA (2 sites)

RA (1 site)

LTM (4 sites)

**PROJECTED IRP PHASES:** 

RD (2 site)

LTM (10 sites)

RA (4 site) LTO (1 site)

IDENTIFIED POSSIBLE REM/IRA/RA:

Groundwater Treatment at FTRI-019 Groundwater Treatment at FTRI-027

Soil Removal at FTRI-029

IRA (2 sites)

TOTAL:

RA (O) (3 site)

Cover Improvement at FTRI-036 Bank Stabilization at FTRI-038 Pipeline removal at FTRI-056

FUNDING:

PRIOR YEAR THROUGH 1997: \$ 41,500,000 FY 1998: \$ 3,000,000 FY 1999: \$ 3,000,000

**FUTURE REQUIREMENTS:** 

\$ 28,205,000 \$ 75,605,000

**DURATION:** 

YEAR OF IRP INCEPTION:

1989

YEAR OF IRP COMPLETION EXCLUDING LTM: YEAR OF IRP COMPLETION INCLUDING LTM:

2010 2030

# **INSTALLATION INFORMATION**

### LOCALE

Fort Riley is located on 100,671 acres of land in portions of Clay, Geary, and Riley counties in northeast Kansas. Interstate 70, Junction City (population 20,000), and Ogden (population 1,600) bound the installation to the south. Fort Riley is 4 miles west of Manhattan (population 38,000). Milford Reservoir bounds the majority of the western side of the installation.

### **COMMAND ORGANIZATION**

### MAJOR COMMAND:

United States Army Forces Command (FORSCOM)

### INSTALLATION:

Fort Riley, Directorate of Environment and Safety

### IRP EXECUTING AGENCY

- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Kansas City District
- · U.S. Geological Survey, Kansas District

### REGULATOR PARTICIPATION

FEDERAL: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Region VII

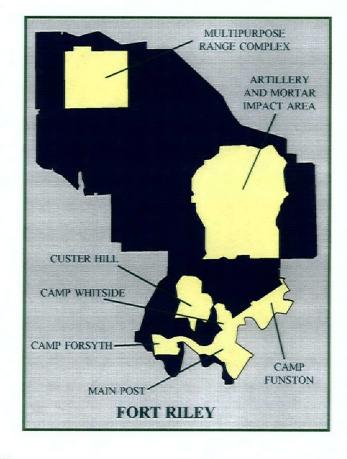
STATE: Kansas Department of Health and Environment (KDHE), Bureau of Environmental Remediation and Bureau of District Operations

### **REGULATORY STATUS**

- NPL Installation (entire installation), CERCLIS Site KS6214020756
- · CERCLA/RCRA Federal Facility Agreement (FFA or IAG), Effective June 1991
- RCRA Interim Status (Part B pending)
- No Notices Of Violations have been issued for any of Fort Riley's IRP sites

### MAJOR CHANGES TO ACTION PLAN FROM PREVIOUS YEAR (FY 98)

- Completed RI/FS at DCF Area (FTRI-027)
- Completed exposure control EE/CA document and Action Memorandum for MAAF-FFTA (FTRI-019)
- · Initiated an early GW Action EE/CA for MAAF-FFTA (FTRI-019)
- Completed Decration Memoranda for Multiple Sites (FTRI-various), DRMO Area 1, FTRI-006, Building 727 Former Waste Pit (FTRI-051) and Main Post LF (FTRI-004).
- Prepared River Bank Stablization EE/CA, Action Memo and Design for Forsyth LF Area 2 (FTRI-038)
- Prepared EE/CA, Action Memo and Design for Old SEFL and Incinerator Areas (FTRI-036, -029)



# INSTALLATION DESCRIPTION

### **LOCATION**

Fort Riley is located in the Flint Hills region of Kansas along I-70 about 125 miles west of Kansas City, between Junction City and Manhattan. As the second largest employer in the state of Kansas, Fort Riley's economic impact exceeded \$559,000,000 in 1996. Fort Riley has a daytime population of over 20,000 and is home to over 3,000 families. This population makes Fort Riley the 13th largest city in Kansas. The reservation covers 100,671 acres, of which 70,926 acres are used for maneuver training.

### **HISTORY**

In an 1843 expedition, Captain John C. Fremont, "The Pathfinder," camped at the junction of the Smoky Hill and Republican Rivers. He reported great numbers of elk, antelope and Indians. Within a few years, the "Great Migration" along the Oregon Trail and trade along the Santa Fe Trail brought thousands of pioneers through Indian Territory, as Kansas was formerly known.

In 1852, Major E.A. Ogden established a temporary camp north of the Kansas River in the area where Fort Riley's Main Post is now located. The encampment was originally known as "Camp Center" because it was thought to be the geographic center of the United States.

A permanent post was authorized the following year and the new installation was named Fort Riley in honor of Major General Bennet Riley, who had been a distinguished veteran of the Mexican War and commander of the first military escort along the Santa Fe Trail. Fort Riley was designated a Cavalry Headquarters in 1885 resulting in the post becoming known as the "Cradle of the Cavalry." Fort Riley stood as the major horse cavalry training school in our country and boasted a position as one of the best cavalry training schools in the world.

Fort Riley has trained and deployed military forces in virtually every major war of our nation's history. In 1996 alone, Fort Riley deployed over 8,800 soldiers to 11 different countries.

For over 30 years, Fort Riley was home to the 1st Infantry Division, but world-wide commitments resulted in the 1st Infantry Division Headquarters deploying to Wuerzburg, Germany, in 1996. Currently, Fort Riley is home to two combat brigades (1st Brigade, 1st Infantry Division, Mechanized and 2nd Brigade, 1st Armored Division) and an engineer group (937th). In the next year Fort Riley will become home to one of the Army's two Active Component/Reserve Component (AC/RC) Divisions.

The post has always been an integral part of the state of Kansas and American military history and is known as the "Home of America's Army."

### **MISSION**

Fort Riley's Mission is to provide training, readiness, and deployability for two active component combat brigades; mobilizes and deploys active and reserve component units; and provides effective support for soldiers and families during peace and war.

# CONTAMINATION ASSESSMENT

The Army initially began environmental investigations as a result of the 1981 closure of the Southwest Funston Landfill where monitoring indicated groundwater contamination. Also, practices at a pesticide facility prior to the mid 1970's resulted in contamination in the soils and in sediments in the drainage way behind the building.

Fort Riley was formally placed on the National Priorities List on 30 August 1990 with a Hazard Ranking System (HRS) score of 33.8. The minimum HRS score for NPL listing is 28.5. A Federal Facilities Agreement (FFA or IAG) was signed by the DASA (ESOH) and the 1st Infantry Commander in August, 1990. The Kansas Department of Health and Environment (KDHE) and the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA or EPA) signed this agreement in February, 1991. The IAG, which incorporates both Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA), as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA), and the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) actions, became effective in June 1991. Project schedules are re-negotiated annually based on available resources.

Five IRP sites have been designated as operable units (OUs). Three OUs are currently the subject of Remedial Investigation / Feasibility Studies. Three Removal Actions were performed in 1994 with additional phases performed in FY95 at one site. Removal Actions have been completed at four sites (FTRI-003, FTRI-030, FTRI-057, and FTRI-035). An Installation-Wide Site Assessment was performed for identification of additional potential areas of concern and several sites were investigated in phases under the Multiple Sites Investigations project. Two of these sites were designated as Operable Units in FY95 including one (FTRI-019) which is adjacent to the installation boundary and contamination is known to exist off post. Many of the sites have been determined to require no further action, while several warrant further investigation.

Five Operable Units (OUs) have been designated: FTRI-003 Southwest Funston Landfill (SFL), FTRI-030 Pesticide Storage Facility (PSF), FTRI-027 Dry Cleaning Facilities (DCF), FTRI-019 Marshall Army Airfield - Former Fire Training Area (MAAF-FFTA), and FTRI-031 Building 354 Area Groundwater Solvent Detections site (354-Solvent). These sites have been identified as sites with significant contamination due to past and present operational activities resulting in spills and releases to the environment. The primary contaminants of concern are chlorinated solvents and petroleum hydrocarbons.

The Southwest Funston Landfill was operated from the mid-1950's through 1981. Post-closure monitoring and RI/FS sampling detected contaminants such as vinyl chloride, petroleum hydrocarbons, and metals in the groundwater at low levels. A Removal Action was completed to stabilize the Kansas River bank and reduce infiltration. The ROD was finalized in FY96. Institutional controls and long-term monitoring have been implemented.

Pesticides stored and mixed at the former PSF are believed to have been released to the environment through past operational and disposal practices. Pesticide and arsenic contamination in soils was the primary concern. A Removal Action to excavate and dispose of contaminated soils was taken in FY94. The RI/FS was completed in FY97. The ROD for No Further Action for this site was completed in FY 97. Because residual contamination is still present, a five year review will be conducted, per the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (NCP).

Per the IAG, Fort Riley is subject to stipulated penalties assessed by the EPA. If a deadline for a primary document is not met, stipulated penalties may be assessed. In June 1993, the Draft Final RI Report for the Pesticide Storage Facility was not submitted on its scheduled date. In December 1993, EPA assessed the amount of \$65,000. Fort Riley disputed the method used to determine the amount assessed. A Dispute Agreement reduced the monetary penalty to \$34,000 and the completion of three removal actions (SFL Bank Stabilization, PSF & Colyer Manor). The penalty was paid in FY97.

Perchloroethylene (PCE) has been and is being used at the adjacent former and current Dry Cleaning Facilities, respectively. Organic contamination of soils, sediments and groundwater was confirmed in a Preliminary Assessment / Site Investigation (PA/SI) completed in the fall of 1992. Regulatory approval was received on RI/FS planning documents and RI field activities occurred in the fall of 1993. A Pilot Study for soil vapor extraction was successful in removing most of the soil contamination (therefore a formal Removal Action was not performed). Following review of the RI and the Draft FS, it was determined, in concert with EPA and KDHE, that additional characterization of the adjacent alluvial aquifer ("The Island") was warranted. "The Island" characterization was performed in the spring of 1996. The RI was amended and the FS completed. Natural attenuation, institutional controls, and long term monitoring are expected to be components of the remedy.

Extensive site characterization was performed at the FFTA-MAAF site under the Site Investigation. A pilot study was conducted to address soil contamination in the vicinity of the FFTA in FY94-95. Additional groundwater investigations were conducted in FY97-98 to further characterize the off-post groundwater plume. Private wells in the area have been monitored. An Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis (EE/CA) proposes providing an alternate water source to two impacted property owners with field activities scheduled for the fall of FY99. Access to the property has not been granted by the owners to implement this. An additional EE/CA is underway to address high concentrations in the groundwater plume. A Tracer study and Natural Attenuation evaluation are in progress to evaluate remediation technologies and refine fate and transport estimation.

The 354-Solvent site was discovered during investigations of a POL/UST site. The source has not been determined and understanding of the nature and extent of contamination is limited. However, there are no nearby receptors and the contamination is not expected to migrate significantly in the near future. Initial field investigations were conducted in 1997. The development of the RI/FS Workplan was initiated in FY98.

The Installation-Wide Site Assessment was performed in 1992 with the results presented in the Draft Final Installation-Wide Site Assessment (IWSA) for Fort Riley, Kansas, dated 7 December 1992, as revised on 16 February 1993. It identified 25 groups of potential areas of concern (PAOC), with 23 sites being scheduled for further Site Investigations. Contaminants associated with these sites vary greatly from potentially lead-contaminated soils at old firing ranges to potential releases of solvents due to practices at furniture repair shops. Information was collected on the PAOCs to evaluate their eligibility under CERCLA and RCRA pathways and potentially exposed populations. The IWSA was conducted consistent with EPA requirements for Preliminary Assessments under CERCLA. Based on EPA's Preliminary Assessment (PA) methodology, potential risk posed by the PAOCs was estimated using the Hazard Ranking System (HRS).

The IWSA identified PAOCs subject to RCRA corrective actions and/or CERCLA where a release of hazardous substances to the environment has occurred or is considered likely, where migration pathways from the site exist, and where potential receptors are known to exist. Specifically, 23 PAOCs were identified and evaluated using the HRS PA SCORE methodology. As outlined in the NCP, the results of the PA were used to identify sites requiring further investigation of SI's.

These PAOCs are being addressed under the Multiple Site Investigations project which is further broken down into groupings including the Sensitive Receptor Lead Sites, the "High Priority" Sites, and the "Other Sites". The Sensitive Receptor Lead Sites were expedited due to the accessibility of the areas to the general public (especially children). Only one area near the Colyer Manor Family Housing Area was identified as having elevated levels of lead in the soils, and a removal action involving excavation and disposal of soils has been performed. The High Priority Sites field investigations were completed in November, 1993. Results are indicated in the following site contamination summaries. The Former Fire Training Area, Marshall Army Airfield (FFTA-MAAF) has been broken out as a separate site because of the magnitude of detected contamination and off-post contamination. The "Other" Multiple Site grouping consists of 14 sites which had very low PA HRS scores and have a low potential for release of contaminants to the environment. Field work for these "Other" sites occurred in the spring and summer 1994. A joint review of the Multiple Sites with EPA & KDHE in the summer of 1995 resulted in concurrence on the designation of two sites as formal Operable Units (MAAF-FFTA and 354-Solvent), on the recommendations of No Further Action on numerous sites, and identified several sites which warranted additional characterization or action. Only two sites, Forsyth Landfill Area 2 and the Southeast Funston Landfill, may require additional work. A NFA Decision Memorandum for many of the Multiple Sites has been prepared.

Phase I and II Site Investigations have been completed at 7 POL UST sites from 1992 to 1995. Remedial Action Plans were prepared for these sites and submitted to KDHE in FY97. KDHE placed 5 sites into LTM status and 2 sites were approved for NFA. The Work Plan for the investigation of the POL Tank Farm (FTRI-053) was initiated in FY98.

# PREVIOUS STUDIES

Title	Author	Date
Installation Assessment of the Headquarter, 1st Infantry Division (Mechanized) and Fort Riley, KS	Environmental Science and Engineering (for	Jun-05
	USATHAMA)	
Evaluation of Solid Waste Managment Units, Fort Riley, KS	Army Environmental Hygiene Agency	Jun-05
Installation-Wide Site Assessment	Louis Berger & Associates	December 1992 w/ February
		1993 revisions
Impact Area Site Assessment Report	Louis Berger & Associates	Mar-93
Site Investigation Report for High Priority Sites	Louis Berger & Associates	Feb-94
Site Investigation Report for "Other Sites"	Louis Berger & Associates	Apr-95

### Southwest Funston Landfill (OU 001)

	Law Environmental, Ft. Riley DEH,	July 1993 w/ August 1993
Engineering Evaluation / Cost Analysis w/ August 1993 Supplement	Environmental and Natural Resources Division	Supplement
Remedial Investigation Report	Law Environmental	- Apr-94
Feasibility Study Report		Apr-94
Record of Decision	Law Environmental / Ft Riley DES	Dec-95
Operation and Maintenance Plan	Kansas City District, Corps of Engineers	Sep-96
Longterm Groundwater Monitoring Plan	Kansas City District, Corps of Engineers	Jan-97
Removal Action Report	Kansas City District, Corps of Engineers	Jun-97
Institutional Controls Plan	Ft. Riley DES	Nov-97
Annual Monitoring Report, Dec 1995 - Nov 1996	U.S Geological Survey, Lawrence, Kansas	Aug-97
Annual Monitoring Report, 1997	U.S Geological Survey, Lawrence, Kansas	Sep-97

### Pesticide Storage Facility (OU 002)

	Ft. Riley DEH, Environmental and Natural	
Engineering Evaluation / Cost Analysis	Resources Division	Aug-93
		July 1993 w/ December
Remedial Investigation/	Law Environmental	1993 revisions
		June 1997 w/ August 1997
Remedial Investigation Addenda	Law Environmental	revisions

# PREVIOUS STUDIES

Title	Author	Date
Record of Decision	Law Environmental / Ft Riley DES	Sep-97
Dry Cleaning Facilities, OU 003		- P
Remedial Investigation Report	Louis Berger & Associates	Mar-95
Draft Final Remedial Investigation Addendum / Monitoring Expansion Report	Louis Berger & Associates	Apr-98
Draft Final Feasibility Study Report	Louis Berger & Associates	Apr-98

Former Fire Training Area, Marshal Army Airfield, OU 004

Expanded Site Investigation Sampling and Analysis Plan (includes reporting of data to-date)	Louis Berger & Associates	May-94
Site Investigation Report	Louis Berger & Associates	August 1995 w/ revisions
Remedial Investigation / Feasibility Study Work Plan	Burns & McDonnell	Apr-97
Engineering Evaluation / Cost Analysis, Exposure Control Action	Louis Berger & Associates	Dec-97

**Building 354 Area Solvent Detection Site, OU 005** 

3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		
Preliminary Evaluation of Data	Kansas City District, Corps of Engineers	Jun-95
Sampling and Analysis Plan	Burns & McDonnell	Jul-97
Draft Initial Field Investigations Report	Burns & McDonnell	Dec-97

**Custer Hill Sanitary Landfill** 

Data Summary and Evaluation Report	Kansas City District, Corps of Engineers	Aug-92
Data Summary and Evaluation Supplement	Louis Berger & Associates	Jun-93
Interim Sampling Data Report for the Custer Hill Sanitary Landfill	Louis Berger & Associates	Dec-93
Interim Sampling Data Report for the Custer Hill Sanitary Landfill	Louis Berger & Associates	Jul-94

**Camp Funston Area Groundwater** 

Monitoring Well Installation Report	Kansas City District, Corps of Engineers	Aug-97
Camp Funston Annual Report: Hydrogeological Data for Digital Groundwater Flow Model	U. S. Geological Survey, Lawrence, Kansas	Sep-97
Chemical and Isotope Evaluation Report	Dept. of Geology, Kansas State University	Nov-97
Work Plan for Hydrologic Evaluation of the Camp Funston Area	U. S. Geological Survey, Lawrence, Kansas	Sep-98
Annual Groundwater Monitoring Report, 1997	U. S. Geological Survey, Lawrence, Kansas	Oct-98

# PREVIOUS STUDIES

Title	Author	Date
Site Investigation Report Addendam, Former Wherry Substation and DRMO Area 1 Drainage Ditch	Louis Berger & Associates	Feb-97
Site Investigation Report Addendam, Open Burn/ Open Detonation Area	Louis Berger & Associates	Aug-98
Site Investigation Report Addendum, Southeast Funston Landfill Incinerator Area	Louis Berger & Associates	Jul-97
Petroleum / Underground Storage Tanks		
Remedial Action Plan and Final Site Investigation Report for POL/UST Site 5390, Fort Riley, KS.	Dames & Moore	26 August, 1997
Remedial Action Plan and Final Site Investigation Report for POL/UST Site 1890, Fort Riley, KS.	Dames & Moore	31 July, 1997
Remedial Action Plan and Final Site Investigation Report for POL/UST Site 1637, Fort Riley, KS.	Dames & Moore	29 July, 1997
Remedial Action Plan and Final Site Investigation Report for POL/UST Site 1539, Fort Riley, KS.	Dames & Moore	28 July, 1997
Remedial Action Plan and Final Site Investigation Report for POL/UST Site 1044, Fort Riley, KS.	Dames & Moore	24 July, 1997
Remedial Action Plan and Final Site Investigation Report for POL/UST Site 1245, Fort Riley, KS.	Dames & Moore	16 July, 1997
Remedial Action Plan and Final Site Investigation Report for POL/UST Site 388, Fort Riley, KS.	Dames & Moore	1997

## OPERABLE UNITS/ INDIVIDUAL SITE PROJECTS

### FTRI-003 (OPERABLE UNIT 001) SOUTHWEST FUNSTON LANDFILL

### SITE DESCRIPTION

Southwest Funston Landfill is located in the southern portion of Fort Riley, adjacent to the southwest corner of the Camp Funston cantonment area. This approximately 120 acre landfill was closed in 1981. The RI indicated sporadic hits of low level organic contamination. A Bank Stabilization action was accomplished in the winter/spring of 1994and cover repairs were performed in 1995. Another action consisting of regrading and improving the native soil cover was completed in the spring of 1997.

The site does not present significant risk to human health and the environment under current conditions. The ROD includes a contingency for future action, the completed native soil cover, institutional controls to prevent on-site groundwater use, long-term groundwater monitoring, and further hydrogeologic characterization of surface water/groundwater interaction in conjunction with LTM efforts.

Minor bank stabilization repairs, re-seeding and monitoring well abandonedment were accomplished in 1998.

### PROPOSED PLAN

Groundwater monitoring is continuing on a semi-annual basis under an indefinite delivery contract. As of July 98, semi-annual groundwater events through spring of 1999 have been contracted for.

The USGS will prepare annual monitoring reports including hydrogeologic evaluations. A groundwater monitoring report will be issued in the spring of 1999.

Since some contamination will remain on-site, statutory reviews will be required at 5 year intervals.

Annual inspections and periodic maintenance of bank stabilization and cover will be conducted. Groundwater monitoring well pump replacement may be necessary.

In the future, additional RI/FS monitoring wells and closure monitoring wells will be abandoned.

### IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Metals, VOCs (primarily Vinyl Chloride)

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Groundwater

**COMPLETED IRP PHASE:** 

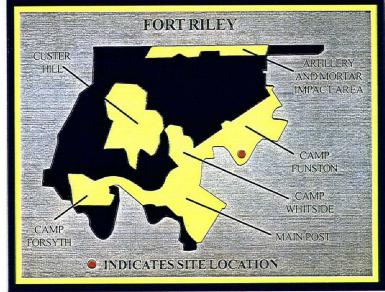
PA/SI, RI/FS, IRA, Proposed Plan, ROD

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

LTM, RA(O)

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete





### CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE

PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+	
RI/FS						Constant Property of the Constant of the Const	Marine Control	
RD								
RA(C)								
LTO	20	10	40	10	485	55	880	
IRA	Samp Indiana		The second secon			The state of the		
LTM	155	170	195	300	75	75	1180	
PROJECTED TOTAL: \$3,650,000								

# FTRI-030 (OPERABLE UNIT 002) PESTICIDE STORAGE FACILITY (MIXING)

### SITE DESCRIPTION

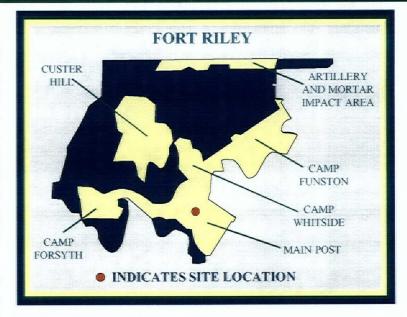
Sampling conducted in 1983-1984 detected pesticide contamination in the soils in the area behind the building and in sediments in the lined channel behind the building. It has been determined that prior to the mid 1970's, pesticide wastewaters and inadvertent spills that occurred when mixing pesticides were allowed to run onto the ground in the equipment-washing area behind the facility. A removal action consisting of excavation and off site disposal occurred in the spring of 1994.

A No Further Action ROD was signed in September 1997. This decision is based on continued industrial land use and will be annotated in the installation master plan for consideration if land use changes. Because residual contamination remains in place, five year reviews are required.

### PROPOSED PLAN

The first five year review will occur in FY02. Four additional reviews are anticipated.

	IRP STATUS
RRSE F	ATING: Low Risk
	(High Risk prior to REM)
CONTA	MINANTS OF CONCERN:
Pesticid	es (Chlordane, DDT, Dieldrin, Heptachlor
PAHs, n	netals (arsenic)
MEDIA	OF CONCERN:
Soils, G	roundwater
COMP	LETED IRP PHASE:
PA/SI, F	Removal, RI, Proposed Plan, ROD
CURRE	ENT IRP PHASE:
LTM	
FUTUR	E IRP PHASE:
Respons	e Complete





### CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE

PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+
RI/FS							
RD							
RA(C)							
RA(O)							
IRA							
LTM				10			40

PROJECTED TOTAL: \$50,000

### FTRI-027 (OPERABLE UNIT 003) DRY CLEANING FACILITIES AREA

### SITE DESCRIPTION

The former Dry Cleaning Facility is located in the southwest corner of the Main Post cantonment area, about 800 feet north of the Kansas River. A PA/SI was completed for the Former DCF in September 1992 and an RI/FS initiated. Chlorinated solvent contamination was found in soils and groundwater. A Pilot Study for Groundwater and Soil Vapor Extraction was completed. The groundwater pumping tests, conducted in the overburden and bedrock aquifer, indicated that groundwater extraction would be an ineffective remedy, as the pumping rate was approximately 0.75 gallons per minute. Soil Vapor Extraction rates were low, also, but yielded enough contaminant removal to extend the pilot study for two months to further assess sustainable removal rates. The SVE was successful in removing most of the soil contamination, and the results have been incorporated into the Feasibility Study.

Following review of the RI and the Draft FS it was determined, in concert with EPA and KDHE, that additional characterization of the adjacent alluvial aquifer ("The Island") was warranted. This work, accomplished in the spring of 1996, showed that contaminant levels exceed MCLs, and the results were reported in an RI addendum. Leakage from a nearby sewer servicing the laundry was corrected in 1996.

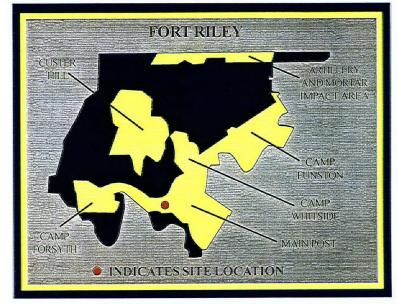
Baseline risk assessment indicates minimal risk associated with the site. Exposure to impacted groundwater has not occurred and is not expected to occur. Data shows contaminant levels are steadily declining. However, contaminant levels in groundwater above MCL's triggers long-term monitoring with contingency for future action as well as institutional controls to prohibit groundwater use (although such use is considered unlikely as a baseline condition). Natural attenuation was evaluated in the FS.

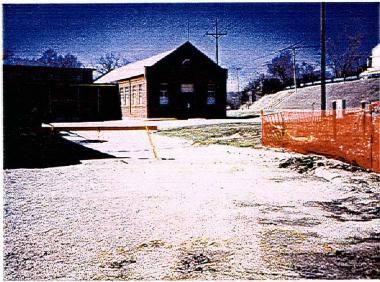
### PROPOSED PLAN

Periodic groundwater monitoring is continuing pending the execution of the PP/ROD.

The anticpated remedies are institutional controls, natural attenuation, LTM, and potential contingency action. Since some contamination will remain on-site, 5 year reviews will be required per the NCP.

# IRP STATUS RRSE RATING: High Risk CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN: VOCs MEDIA OF CONCERN: Groundwater COMPLETED IRP PHASE: PA/SI CURRENT IRP PHASE: RI/FS (PP/ROD) FUTURE IRP PHASE: RD/RA, LTM





### CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE

PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+
RI/FS	133	The date of the property of th			To produce the second s		20 Table 20
RD		See Car Tips See Cotton As Tips See Car Tips See Cotton As Tips See Cotton As Tips See Car Tips See Cotton As Tips See Cotton	150				
RA(C)	Total Control of the			1500		The second secon	Special Property of the Control of t
RA(O)					380	20	600
IRA		The second of th	The state of the s			As a second	
LTM		160	115	115	115	115	1620
	PRO	JECTE	D TO	AL: \$	5,023,0	00	

### FTRI-019 (OPERABLE UNIT 004) MARSHALL ARMY AIRFIELD - FORMER FIRE TRAINING AREA

### SITE DESCRIPTION

This site consists of a former fire training area and former drum storage area located at Marshall Army Airfield (MAAF) near the installation boundary. The former fire training pit consisted of an unlined crushed stone pit. The fire training area operated from the mid 1960s to 1984. The current road around MAAF is constructed over a portion of the former fire training area. A drum of tetrachloroethene (PCE) was accidentally released into the fire training pit in 1982. Efforts were made to recover the spilled material; however, only a portion was recovered.

The Installation Wide Site Assessment (dated 1992) indicated that the activities at FFTA-MAAF site potentially impacted the soils and groundwater in the vicinity of the site. SI activities were initiated in 1993 and indicated the soils and groundwater on post were impacted by contamination. Further SI activities conducted between 1993 and 1995 indicated off-post contamination and samples collected from private wells confirmed the presence of contamination. A Soil Vapor Extraction (SVE) and Bioventing Pilot Study were performed in late 1994 and early 1995 to address the vadose zone soils in the immediate vicinity of the former fire training area and drum storage area. RI activities conducted in May and November 1996, including the installation of multiple depth wells, were performed to characterize the vertical and horizontal extent of the groundwater contamination. RI activities continued in FY98 to characterize the extent of the groundwater contamination and define the leading edge of the plume.

A Natural Attenuation bench scale demonstration was intitiated in FY98.

A groundwater model is being developed using GMS and integrated into the Kansas River valley model being prepared by USGS.

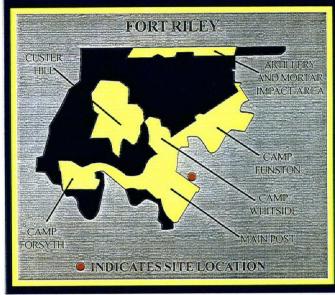
### PROPOSED PLAN

After the RI/FS report is completed, a PP/ROD will be prepared.

The RI/FS document preparation will begin in FY99. Monitoring Natural Attenuation is under evaluation.

Periodic Groundwater Monitoring to continue, estimated 3 times per year.

Remedial Design will start in FY03 and Remedial Action will start in FY04 and will be conducted for the full implementation of the best technology demonstrated in the FS.





### **CONSTRAINED COST TO COM**

PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+
RI/FS	1015	1255	1249	483	638		
RD		Control of All Police			1110		
RA(C)	Marie Salar				Company of the Compan	1175	2835
RA(O)							
IRA							
LTM							4615

PROJECTED TOTAL: \$14,375,000

### **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: High Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

VOCs, TPH, Napthalene

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Groundwater, Soil

**COMPLETED IRP PHASE:** 

PA/SI, Pilot Study

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

RI/FS, RA

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

ROD, RD, RA, RA(O), LTM

### FTRI-031 (OPERABLE UNIT 005) BLDG. 354 AREA SOLVENT DETECTIONS

### SITE DESCRIPTION

Solvent storage and dispensing previously occurred near Bldg 354 in the Public Works (formerly DEH) vard. Site was identified in the IWSA but no specific SI was developed. In lieu of a Site Investigation, CERCLA groundwater monitoring is being conducted in concert with POL/UST monitoring. Available data from several adjacent study areas were consolidated into a data review package. Perchloroethylene and/or its breakdown products have been detected below MCLs in recent sampling of the UST groundwater monitoring wells. The source is unknown but may be resulting from previous activities in the public works yard. In FY97, initial field investigations were performed. The initial field investigation was not successful at locating a source but the nature and extent of contamination was generally defined.

### PROPOSED PLAN

Plan and execute phased RI to locate the source of contamination and focused FS.

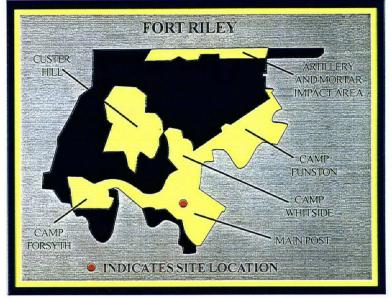
RI/FS - quarterly GWM for one year (FY99).

Contract and write Proposed Plan, ROD, and LTM plan.

Perform LTM - semiannually through 2012, annually through 2024.

Assumes 20 years of monitoring after the ROD (through 2024) and four 5 year reviews.

# IRP STATUS RRSE RATING: High Risk CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN: VOCs MEDIA OF CONCERN: Groundwater, Soil COMPLETED IRP PHASE: PA/SI CURRENT IRP PHASE: RI/FS FUTURE IRP PHASE: PP/ROD, LTM





### CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE

PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+
RI/FS	91	839	120	50			
RD	Total Control of the	Property of the second				De Selection	MI SON SILVER
RA(C)		of the control of the		Profit (1) to the same of the page of the same of the			
RA(O)	Service of the servic	0.7000 Per Turi 1					
IRA		Allen and a second		Company Compan			Liver 1
LTM				The second secon	50	50	960

PROJECTED TOTAL: \$2,160,000

### FTRI-001 CUSTER HILL SANITARY LANDFILL

### SITE DESCRIPTION

Custer Hill Sanitary Landfill is located northeast of the Custer Hill Maintenance complex approximately 0.7 miles south of Vinton School Road on the Fort Riley military reservation. Groundwater monitoring of the CHL was incorporated as part of the site investigation under the IAG. The landfill was scheduled to close 1 Oct 1993, however, a nation-wide extension until April 1994 was granted. Closure has been accomplished and long term monitoring is being performed under state Subtitle D program (OMA funded). This site is included in FY98 Multiple Sites Decision Document as No further CERCLA action unless post-closure monitoring reveals contamination.

### PROPOSED PLAN

No further action is required at this site.

### **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: Not Evaluated CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

VOCs, metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Groundwater, Soil

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

PA/SI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

ROD

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete

### FTRI-032 IMPACT ZONE

### SITE DESCRIPTION

The Impact Zone (IZ) is located in the east central portion of the installation. The IZ is approximately 26 square miles in size. Prior to the purchase of the land now encompassing the IZ, the primary land use was for agricultural purposes. Since the purchase of the IZ land in 1942, the area has been used for tank and troop maneuvers and as an impact area. During this time it has received a variety of ordnance including high explosive, white phosphorus, illumination and smoke rounds. Records search indicate no usage or firing of chemical agents (mustard or nerve gas) or depleted-uranium. Ten groundwater monitoring wells were installed and surface water and sediment samples were taken during the Site Investigation activities conducted during FY92/93. No contamination was found.

### PROPOSED PLAN

No further action will be conducted under DERP.

### IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Not Applicable CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Munitions residue

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soil. Sediment

**COMPLETED IRP PHASE:** 

PA/SI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

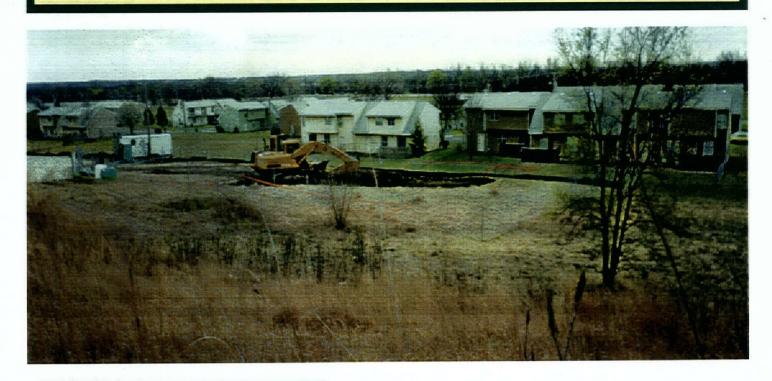
Response Complete

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

## MULTIPLE SITE INVESTIGATIONS

The Installation Wide Site Assessment required by the IAG was completed in 1992 and identified several potential areas of contamination (PAOCs). PAOCs were split into several groups for investigation "Sensitive Receptor Lead Sites"; "High Priority Sites"; and "Other Sites" as grouped in the following section. Additional sites have been identified including the Building 354 Area Solvent Detections and Camp Funston Area Groundwater Contamination.

### FTRI-035 SENSITIVE RECEPTOR LEAD SITES



### SITE DESCRIPTION

This is a sub-group of the "Non-Impact Area Small Arms Ranges" site. Former Camp Forsyth Ranges, Former Mullins Parks, Custer Hill Elementary and Ware Elementary School were all suspected of having lead contaminated soil because the areas were former firing ranges or had soils brought in for fill from firing ranges. Expedited site investigation indicated that lead contaminated soils existed only in one isolated area in the Colyer Manor Housing Area at the Former Camp Forsyth Ranges. This work is documented in the "High Priority" Sites SI Report. A Removal Action was performed in the Spring 1994, consisting of excavation of soils contaminated with lead. Clean soils were used as backfill. This site was included in FY98 Multiple Sites Decision Document as No Further Action.

### PROPOSED PLAN

No further action is required at this site.

### IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Medium Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Lead

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soil

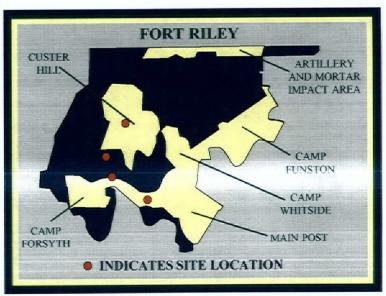
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

PA/SI, Removal, ROD

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete

FUTURE IRP PHASE:



### FTRI-020 INDUSTRIAL WASTEWATER SYSTEM CUSTER HILL



### SITE DESCRIPTION

This system consists of two wastewater ponds, an old wash rack reservoir, and four large shallow cells which receive industrial wastewater from automotive and industrial shops on Custer Hill. The free product found in one well at the East Pond is believed to be related to the POL Tank Farm, not the pond. SI reveals primarily POL contamination, although low levels of a few CERCLA hazardous substances have been detected. This site was included in FY98 Multiple Sites Decision Document as no further action under CERCLA. The closure of the East and West Ponds will be performed under state programs (OMA funded), not under IAG/DERA.

### PROPOSED PLAN

No further action is required at this site.

### **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: Medium Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

POL, VOCs, SVOCs, Metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soils, Groundwater

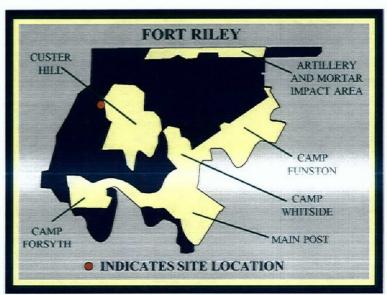
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

PA/SI, RI, ROD

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 



### FTRI-041 FURNITURE REPAIR SHOPS



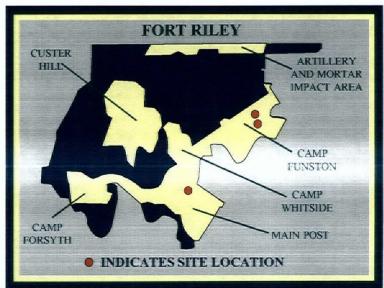
### SITE DESCRIPTION

The SI for this site was conducted concurrently with the High Priority Sites as Building 1301 was scheduled for demolition in the fall of 1993. Building 1301 was located in Camp Funston and was used as a furniture repair shop. Building 1605, a previous furniture repair shop, was located within 600 feet of 1301. It burned in 1988 and was also evaluated. No CERCLA hazardous substances were found. A small area where POL constituents were detected was excavated to avoid concerns being raised during construction activities. This site was included in FY98 Multiple Sites Decision Document as No Further Action.

### PROPOSED PLAN

No further action is required at this site.

# IRP STATUS RRSE RATING: Not Evaluated CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN: VOCs MEDIA OF CONCERN: Soils COMPLETED IRP PHASE: PA/SI, RI, ROD CURRENT IRP PHASE: Response Complete FUTURE IRP PHASE: Response Complete



### FTRI-036 SOUTHEAST FUNSTON LANDFILL - INACTIVE

### SITE DESCRIPTION

This former municipal solid waste landfill, 50 acres, is located in the southeast portion of the installation. Operations ceased in the mid 1950's. Eleven (11) soil gas sampling locations indicated no VOC contamination. Four (4) perimeter monitoring wells were installed and sampled during SI. Initial laboratory analysis showed low levels of 1,2 dichloroethylene, and low levels of lead exceeded MCL. Confirmation sampling of groundwater in December 1995 indicated similar results to previous data. Organic contaminants were detected in the western portion of the landfill. Groundwater sampling and analysis conducted after 1995 have not shown groundwater contamination.

In FY98, an EE/CA, Action Memorandum and Design were completed for cover improvements to 10 acres of the western portion of the landfill to correct for subsidence and improve drainage. This project will be combined with the limited soil removal at the SELF incinerator (FTRI-29).

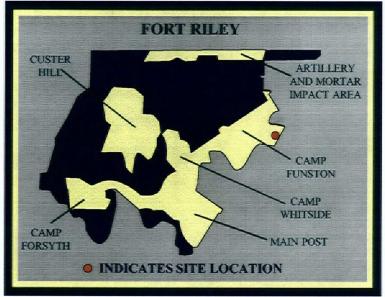
### PROPOSED PLAN

Implement cover improvements.

Prepare Decision Memorandum, ROD.

Preform cover inspection concurrent with 5 year reviews.

# IRP STATUS RRSE RATING: Medium Risk CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN: Metals (including lead), VOCs MEDIA OF CONCERN: Soils, Groundwater COMPLETED IRP PHASE: PA/SI CURRENT IRP PHASE: RI FUTURE IRP PHASE: IRA, ROD

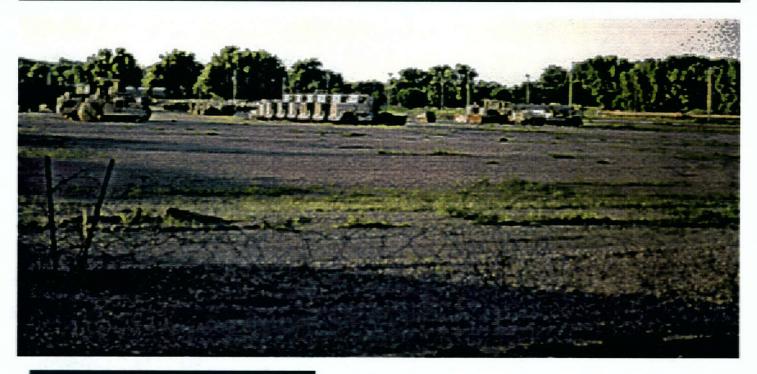




### CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE

PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+		
RI/FS									
RD									
RA(C)	427						Man water		
RA(O)				5	50		70		
IRA									
LTM									
PROJECTED TOTAL: \$552,000									

### FTRI-015 FORMER DRMO LOCATION (AREA 2)



### SITE DESCRIPTION

This site was used by the Defense Reutilization and Marketing Office from 1972 to 1975, and is approximately 2.5 acres in size. The site is located at 5th and K streets in Camp Funston. Soil gas sampling and groundwater screening has been performed. One groundwater screening sample showed PCE at 6.2 ug/l and very low levels of benzene, xylene and toluene. Groundwater is being addressed under site FTRI-011, Camp Funston Groundwater.

### PROPOSED PLAN

No further action is required.

### **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: Medium Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

**VOCs** 

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Groundwater

**COMPLETED IRP PHASE:** 

PA/SI, RI, DM

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

Response Complete

FUTURE IRPPHASE:

ROD



### FTRI-006 DRMO STORAGE AREA (DRMO AREA 1)

### SITE DESCRIPTION

The Defense Reutilization and Marketing Office, located in the northeastern portion of Camp Funston, handled transformers taken out of service during the 1950's and 1960's. The potential for PCB releases would have been greatest during this time frame because the hazards of PCBs were not widely known. A wide variety of other chemicals may also have been spilled. One surface soil/sediment sample had PCBs above risk-based (industrial setting) guideline concentrations. Additional sampling performed in 1996 indicated PCB levels below Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) action levels. Response complete 19 May 98



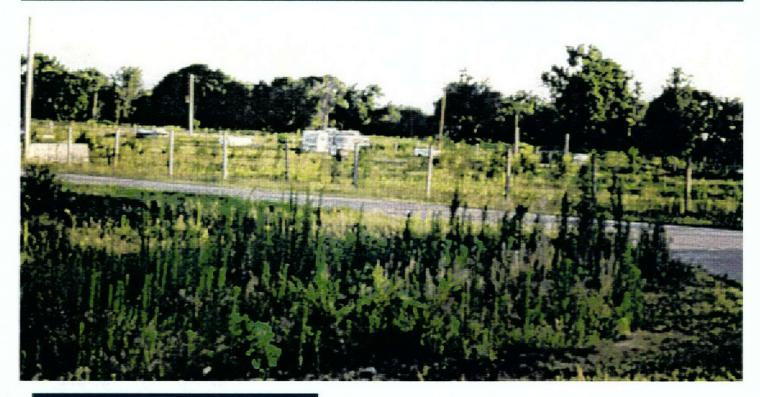
No further action is required.





# IRP STATUS RRSE RATING: Low Risk CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN: PCBs MEDIA OF CONCERN: Soils COMPLETED IRP PHASE: PA/SI, RI CURRENT IRP PHASE: Response Complete FUTURE IRP PHASE: Response Complete

### FTRI-012 WASTE STORAGE DRMO SECONDARY (AREA 3)



### SITE DESCRIPTION

This site was used by the Defense Reutilization and Marketing Office from 1975 to 1978, and is approximately 3 acres in size. The site is located at 11th and L Street in Camp Funston. Soil gas sampling and groundwater screening has been performed and one groundwater screening sample showed very low levels of xylene and toluene, which is not believed to be associated with site operations. Groundwater monitoring (for CERCLA hazardous substances) will be addressed under Camp Funston Area Groundwater Detections, FTRI-011. This site was included in FY98 Multiple Sites Decision Document as No Further Action.

### PROPOSED PLAN

No further action is required.

### **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: Low Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

**VOCs** 

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Groundwater

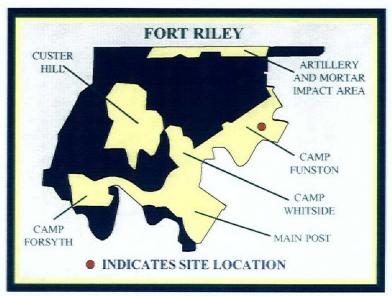
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

PA/SI, RI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 



# FTRI-037 CAMP WHITSIDE INCINERATOR AREA

### SITE DESCRIPTION

Site is located adjacent to the Kansas River in the southern portion of the installation. (Near the historic territorial capitol). Medical Waste and combustible refuse was burned here and the ashes were apparently scattered over the adjacent area. The area of metal contamination in soils is very limited. This site was included in FY98 Multiple Sites Decision Document as No Further Action.



No further action is required at this site.

### **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: Medium Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soils

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

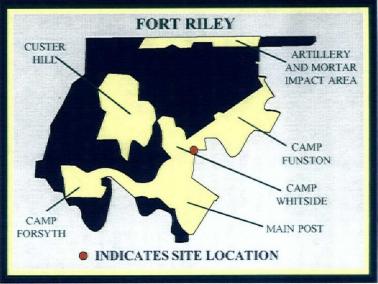
PA/SI, RI, ROD

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

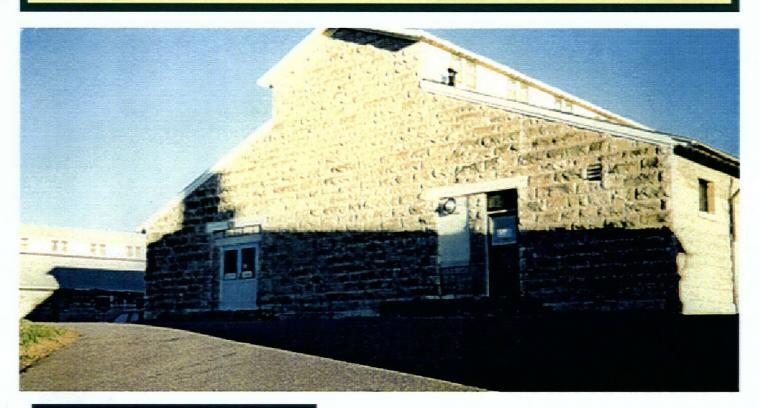
Response Complete

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 





### FTRI-045 PHOTO AND PRINT PLANTS



### SITE DESCRIPTION

Use of solvents at the central print shop for Fort Riley may have resulted in contamination. One soil sample revealed low levels of chlorinated solvents (PCE, TCE, and toluene) in subsurface soils. Soil borings were advanced to bedrock and groundwater was not encountered. This site was included in FY98 Multiple Sites Decision Document as No Further Action.

### PROPOSED PLAN

No further action is required.

### **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: Low Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

VOCs, metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soils

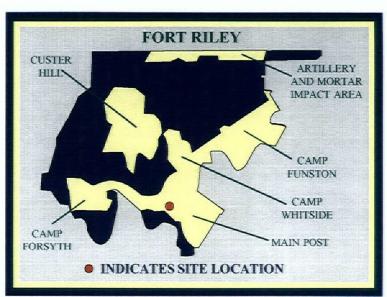
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

PA/SI, RI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

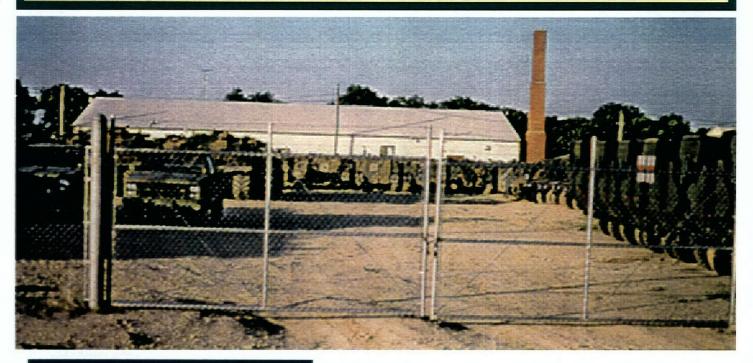
Response Complete

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 



Fort Riley - Installation Action Plan Site Descriptions - Page 17

### FTRI-046 FORMER DSGS - BLDG. 1693 & ADJACENT AREAS



### SITE DESCRIPTION

This former Direct Support / General Support Maintenance Facility, Building 1693 had two paint booths where the floor was sawed and removed around 1965 to install five by five foot sand infiltration pits for new floor drains. The booths were last used in 1981 and were removed Sept 1987. The floor drains have been plugged. Fifty (50) soil gas samples were collected, results yielded non-detects; 11 surface soil samples were collected. Diesel range organics exceeded KDHE standards in 5 of the samples. Soil samples from beneath the floor slabs contained chromium and lead. Three ground-water screening samples were collected from beneath the paint booths, 1,1,1-tricholorethane was detected at 98 ppb. Groundwater contamination does not appear to be related to operations at this site. See Camp Funston Groundwater Contamination, FTRI-011. This site was included in FY98 Multiple Sites Decision Document as No Further Action.

### PROPOSED PLAN

No further action under this site is required.

### **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: Medium Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soils, Groundwater

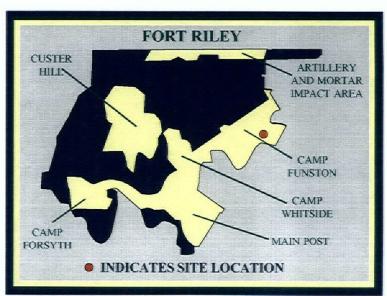
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

PA/SI, RI, ROD

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 



# FTRI-047 FORMER LIVESTOCK DIPPING FACILITY



## SITE DESCRIPTION

The livestock dipping facility is located near the railroad tracks and across a drainage ditch east of the Public Works (formerly DEH) yard and the PSF site. The site is depicted on old maps as 2 buildings which included several dipping vats and surrounding drying pens. It is believed this facility ended operation in about 1948 after the horse cavalry ceased to exist, although it appears on records from early 1950's. Foundations and concrete trench features remain. This site was included in FY98 Multiple Sites Decision Document as No Further Action.

#### PROPOSED PLAN

No further action is required at this site.

#### **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: Low Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Pesticides, Metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soils

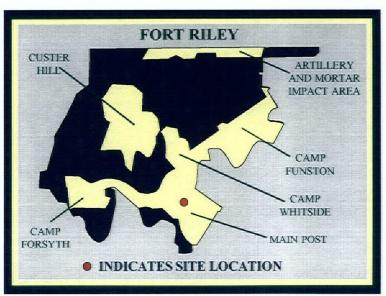
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

PA/SI, RI, ROD

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 



# FTRI-048 FORMER PESTICIDE FACILITIES



## SITE DESCRIPTION

Located on Custer Hill Golf Course property, these sites have been used for storage and mixing of pesticides, herbicides, and fungicides. The drainage path from a concrete vehicle wash pad which may have been used to mix pesticides is an area of concern as well as the areas surrounding the building sites. SI data revealed no contamination. This site was included in FY98 Multiple Sites Decision Document as No Further Action.

#### PROPOSED PLAN

No further action is required at this site.

#### **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: Not Evaluated

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Pesticides, Herbicides

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soils

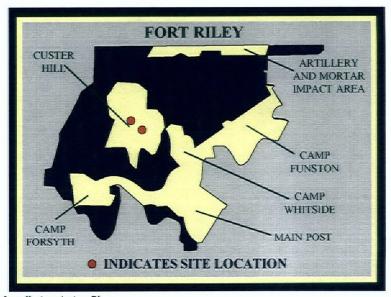
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

PA/SI, RI

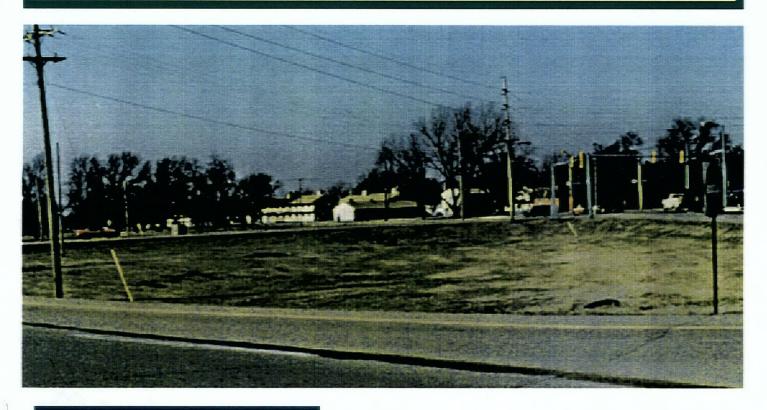
**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 



# FTRI-050 PCB SPILLS AREA/TRANSFORMER SITES



## SITE DESCRIPTION

Five former substations have potential for PCB contamination. The locations of the substations have been located on historic maps, but some depicted have been demolished. Some were owned and operated by a private utility. Five sites have been sampled and no detections above TSCA levels were found. This site was included in FY98 Multiple Sites Decision Document as No Further Action.

#### PROPOSED PLAN

No further action is required at this site.

#### **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: Low Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

**PCBs** 

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soils

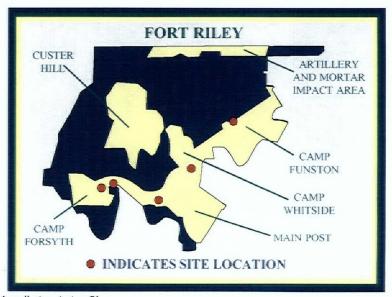
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

PA/SI, RI

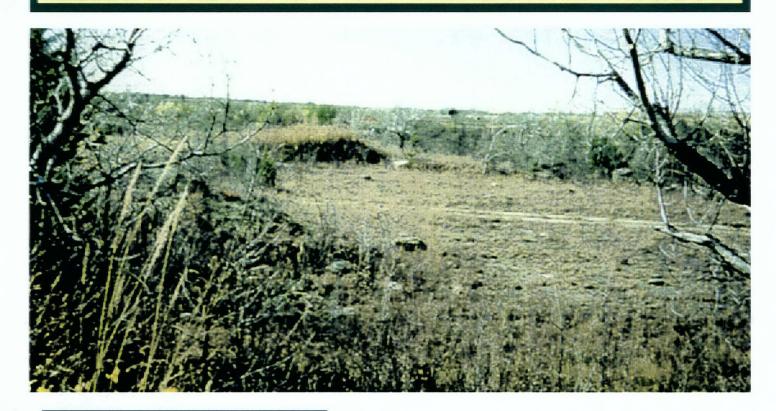
CURRENT IRP PHASE:

Response Complete

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 



# FTRI-052 CAMP WHITSIDE - INACTIVE LANDFILLS



## SITE DESCRIPTION

One portion of this site is believed to have been a C/D landfill, therefore materials placed in it are likely to be substantially non-hazardous. One area was apparently used as a dump/sanitary landfill and may have received industrial wastes. Groundwater, surface water, and sediment sampling indicate no contamination. This site was included in FY98 Multiple Sites Decision Document as No Further Action.

#### PROPOSED PLAN

No further action is required at this site.

#### **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: Not Evaluated

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Metals, VOCs, SVOCs, Herbicides,

PCBs, Pesticides

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soils, Groundwater

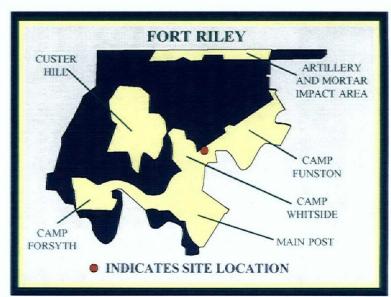
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

PA/SI, RI, ROD

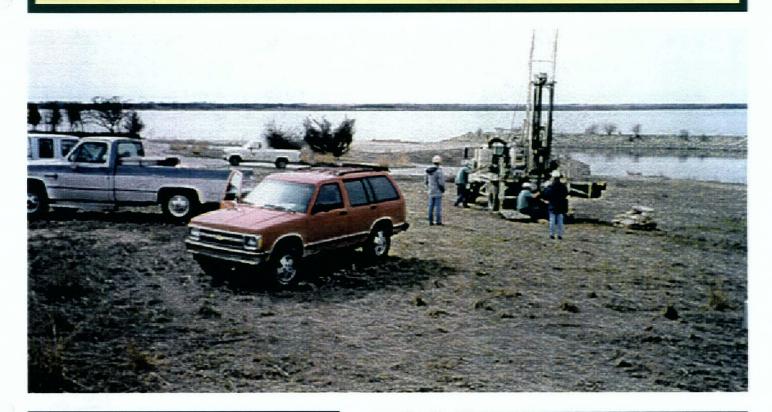
**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 



# FTRI-055 MILFORD LAKE CAMPGROUND/MARINA WELLS



## SITE DESCRIPTION

1988 sampling indicated lindane slightly above the MCL. This well was later abandoned and closed per state regulations. Regulators required that the detection be reinvestigated. Laboratory data indicates no detections in the monitoring well. The monitoring wells were closed in FY96. This site was included in FY98 Multiple Sites Decision Document as No Further Action.

#### PROPOSED PLAN

No further action is required at this site.

## **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: Low Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Lindane

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Groundwater

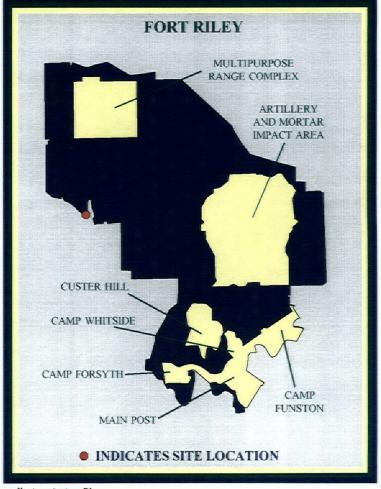
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

PA/SI, RI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 



# FTRI-002 WHITSIDE CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS LANDFILL

#### SITE DESCRIPTION

This landfill is a C/D landfill. Site included in DERPMIS in 1984. Site inspection indicated nonconforming disposal practices occurred. This landfill caught fire in 1982 and again in 1988. Preliminary SI results showed some VOC detections. SI confirmatory groundwater sampling conducted in the winter of 95/96 found no detections. This site was included in FY98 Multiple Sites Decision Document as No Further Action under CERCLA. Future monitoring, if any, will be performed under RCRA subtitle D (OMA).

#### PROPOSED PLAN

No further action is required under the IRP

## **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: Not Applicable CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

VOCs, SVOCs, Metals, PCBs, Pesticides

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Groundwater, Soil

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

PA/SI, RI, ROD

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete

# NO FURTHER ACTION MULTIPLE SITE INVESTIGATION SITES

As a result of a review of past practices and sites conditions in the Installation-Wide Site Assessment, the following sites or site groupings are determined to not have the potential to pose a risk to human health or the environment:

FTRI-028	Former Fire Training Area - Camp Funston
FTRI-033	Douthit Range (Multi-Purpose Range Complex)
FTRI-005	Custer Hill Road Rubble Dump (Construction/Demolition Debris Landfill)
FTRI-040	Former Oil Testing Laboratory, Building 1022
FTRI-049	Mercury Contamination Areas (/Use Sites)
FTRI - 042	Tactical Equipment and Maintenance Shops,
FTRI - 043	Former Gasoline Stations/ Garages,

The following sites are determined to require no action under CERCLA/SARA because site investigations have revealed that they do not have the potential to pose a risk to human health or the environment and/or they are being addressed under other existing regulatory programs:

Wastewater Treatment Plants and Sludge Drying Beds - Clean Water Act:

wastewater 11	Cathlett I failts and Studge Drying Beds - Clean Water Act.
FTRI-022	Former Camp Funston
FTRI-024	Camp Forsyth
FTRI-025	Main Post
FTRI-023	Custer Hill
FTRI-026	Range Complex Waste Water Lagoons - Clean Water Act
FTRI-039	Consolidated Maintenance Facility (Building 8100)- Waste Underground Storage - RCRA Subtitle I

All of the above sites have been included in the FY98 No Action/No Further Action Decision Document.

# NO FURTHER ACTION MULTIPLE SITE INVESTIGATION SITES

#### FTRI-008 PCB Storage CONEX (Building 348)

Site decontamination performed and closure was achieved under the provisions of 40 CFR 265 in December 1990 with OMA funding. Site is not DERA eligible.

#### FTRI-010 Pesticide (2-4D) USTs at Camp Funston

Underground tanks and piping were removed in 1991 and clean closure achieved following installation and sampling of groundwater monitoring wells in 1991/92

#### FTRI -013 Abandoned VOC Tanks North of IACH

These tanks were removed and clean closure achieved in 1991.

#### FTRI- 034 Impact Area Perimeter Small Arms Ranges.

Both active and inactive ranges are located around the perimeter of the Impact Area. These were generally evaluated in the Impact Area Site Assessment. (FTRI-032). No significant levels of contamination was detected. Site is considered response complete in DSERTS and will be included in a future Decision Document with the Impact Area.

#### FTRI-044 Former Asphalt Plant (Near Building 354)

This site was identified in the Installation-Wide Site Assessment. No significant contamination has been identified, based on the results of investigations at the 354 POL/UST (FTRI-061) and the site is considered Response Complete. Further review of the site is pending the completion of investigations at 354 Solvent Detections (FTRI-031) site.

SUPPLEMENTAL SITE INVESTIGATIONS

# FTRI-009 OPEN BURNING/OPEN DETONATION GROUND (RANGE 16)

#### SITE DESCRIPTION

Range 16 is where defective rounds are destroyed. Historical practices included use of solvents in an open burn area, this practice was discontinued in the early 1980s. In 1993, Low levels of solvents were detected in the groundwater, however, there are no nearby receptors. Eight surface soil, eight deep borings, two surface water and three sediment samples were collected and analyzed for explosives, VOC's, SVOC's, and uranium. Four monitoring wells were installed and sampled for the same suite of analytes. The open burn pit has not been used since approximately 1993. Groundwater sampling performed in winter 1995/96 confirmed low level VOC contamination.

Site hydrogeology is complex and, therefore, additional characterization was needed. In 1997, four additional groundwater monitoring wells and five nested piezometers were installed. Recent sampling results indicate higher VOC contamination.

A hand dug well (presumably part of a historic farmstead) was converted to a permanent groundwater monitoring well. In 1998, 5 surface watersamples from the ephemeral streams onsite were collected and analyzed (the results were non-detects for contaminants of concern). Additional monitoring and data collection is needed to better understand this complex site and to aid in scoping future investigation activities.

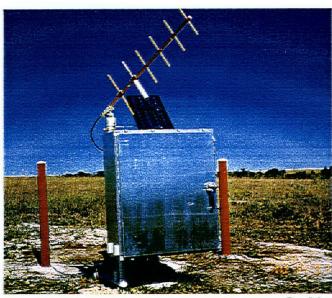
In 1998, 5 surface water samples from the ephemeral streams onsite were collected and analyzed (the results were non-detects for contaminatns of concern.

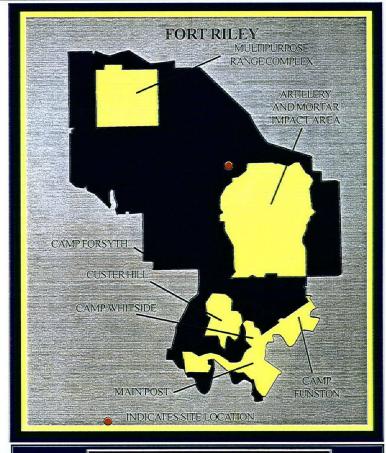
Additional monitoring and data collection is needed to better understand this complex site and to aid in potential future investigation scoping activities.

## PROPOSED PLAN

Additional characterization will be conducted including a preliminary risk screening (Human Health and Ecological) and evaluation of the site hydrogeology to determine future actions. Focus continued monitoring on stream flow from the site for 5 years.

Complete Kansas State University geologic characterization.





#### **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: High Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN: VOCs
MEDIA OF CONCERN: Soils, Groundwater

COMPLETED IRP PHASE: PA/SI

CURRENT IRP PHASE: RI/FS
FUTURE IRP PHASE: LTM

## **CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE**

PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+
RI/FS	127	253	85	85	110	80	10
RD		1.252					
RA(C)	Stroke St.						
RA(O)			Control Contro			of Carpethon of	
IRA							
LTM	MED THE STATE		Stranger of the second	Plantania manifesta	Marine Marine	Aug. 100	92 MD 5777

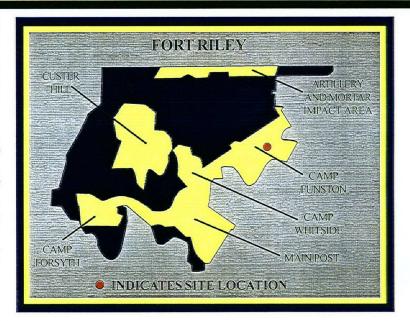
PROJECTED TOTAL: \$750,000

Fort Riley - Installation Action Plan Site Descriptions - Page 27

# FTRI-011 CAMP FUNSTON GROUNDWATER DETECTIONS

## SITE DESCRIPTION

For additional information, see SE Funston Landfill, DRMO Area 2, Former DSGS site and Funston area (1000 Area) POL/UST sites. Groundwater screening and monitoring well sampling data indicate apparent wide spread, but low level solvent (includes vinyl chloride) and some metals contamination. No specific source has been identified. Hydrogeology of the area is variable due to alluvial deposits and influence of oxbow lakes as well as the fluctuating and meandering Kansas River. The installation boundary is nearby and the city of Ogden is immediately adjacent. A well field in Ogden supplies not only the city, but a large rural water district. Private wells exist in the immediate area. Sampling of the identified private wells do not show groundwater contamination. Additional groundwater monitoring wells have been installed to fill data gaps and replace abandoned monitoring wells.



#### PROPOSED PLAN

Focus of study is to determine whether flow across Camp Funston is likely to impact the Ogden City wells.

Maintain GIS database & characterize hydrogeology of area as well as contamination.

Perform periodic characterization monitoring. Probable Long term monitoring (expect to perform in concert with Southwest Funston Landfill and Camp Funston Groundwater Contamination monitoring as a integrated program)

This is a joint effort between the installation, Corps of Engineers and the USGS. USGS is being utilized to plan and perform GWM. USGS will plan, coordinate execution in conjunction with the Corps, evaluate data and issue reports. Inorganic tracing performed by Kansas State University will assist in understanding groundwater flow.

Chemical sampling and analyses will be performed by contractors. The Corps will review and provide QA/QC.

Should data and evaluation indicate the presence/location of a specific source or sources, additional site-specific SI's would likely be planned and executed.

# **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: High Risk

**CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:** 

VOCs, Metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Groundwater

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

PA/SI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

RI

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

ROD, LTM

# CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE

PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+
RI/FS	155	95		The second secon	Cable per Sir Carlo Sir Ca		
RD	Deposition of the second of th		Carried Const.		7 (2 ) (1 ) (2 ) (2 ) (2 ) (2 ) (2 ) (2 )	And the second s	
RA(C)				And the second s	And the second s		
RA(O)						of the second	
IRA				Control of the contro		Company of the Compan	
LTM		160	100	285			

PROJECTED TOTAL: \$775,000

# FTRI-029 OLD INCINERATOR SITE SE-CAMP FUNSTON

## SITE DESCRIPTION

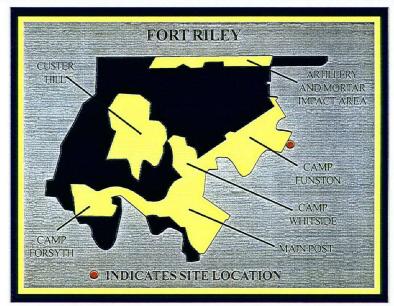
This site is located adjacent to the southeast portion of the installation. The land was transferred to the Kansas Department of Wildlife and Parks when Highway K-18 was constructed. The incinerator was abandoned in the mid 1950's or earlier. Incinerator ash with high lead content has been detected over a wide area within the approximate 10 acre site. Ten (10) of 78 surface soil sample locations analyzed by X-Ray Fluorescence (XRF) indicated high concentrations of lead (up to 5600 ppm). Additional sampling in FY97 identified three localized areas of high lead concentration. UXO has been encountered during previous investigations. An ecological risk screening was conducted in 98 showing minor risk from soil contamination. The incinerator building itself is a safety hazard (slips, trips and falls) and is being addressed by a state agency.

#### PROPOSED PLAN

Remove lead contaminated soil and debris. This project will be done in conjuction with the cover improvements on the SEFL (FTRI-36).

A surface sweep for UXO will be conducted.

Implement land use institutional controls.





## **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: Medium Risk

**CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:** 

Metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soil

**COMPLETED IRP PHASE:** 

PA/SI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

RI, RA

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

DM, ROD, RC

#### CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE

PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+
RI/FS	25			The second secon			
RD		PRODUCTION OF		To Committee the Committee of the Commit			The second secon
RA(C)	210		Control of	The second secon		The second secon	The second secon
RA(O)			Section 1 and 1 an				
IRA							
LTM							

PROJECTED TOTAL: \$235,000

# FTRI-038 FORSYTH LANDFILL(S)

## SITE DESCRIPTION

Located in areas south and west of Camp Forsyth, five separate areas have been identified as areas which have received dumping. One of these areas is present in the aerial photos taken in 1939. In 1994, soil gas and groundwater sampling did not detect any contaminants of concern. In Area 2, along the Republican River on the western side of Camp Forsyth, landfill material is exposed on the surface, in a drainage, and along the riverbank. Landfill material may include UXO. UXO was found on a sandbar adjacent to Area 2 after 1993 flooding. Landfill Areas 1, 3, 4, and 5 and the groundwater media of Area 2 are included in the Multiple Sites Decision Document as No Further Action.

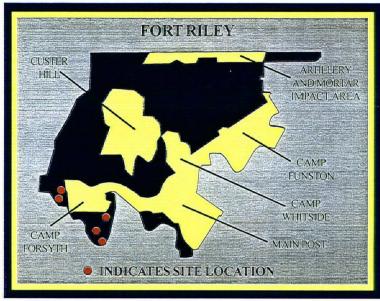
In 1997, the Army entered into a license agreement to allow for pedestrian and recreational access along a specified corridor adjacent to this site.

Evaluations show that approximately a 100 ft. width of river bank along an 800 ft. section of the landfill Area 2 has been eroded by the Republican River since 1982.

In 1998, an EE/CA and design to stabilize landfill material exposed and eroding along the river bank were completed.

#### PROPOSED PLAN

Fort Riley proposes to implement the EE/CA design with operations and Maintenance Account (OMA) funds, thus No Further Action is required under ER,A.





## IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Medium Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Metals, Explosives

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soil, Surface Water

**COMPLETED IRP PHASE:** 

PA/SI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

RI. RA

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

RA(O), DM, ROD

#### CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE

PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+
RI/FS	10						
RD			Table Value of the Control of the Co	The second secon		200	The second secon
RA(C)		1000 mg/s					The second secon
RA(O)							
IRA	500	50		Company of the compan			_200
LTM	The state of the s	7		10			20

PROJECTED TOTAL: \$790,000

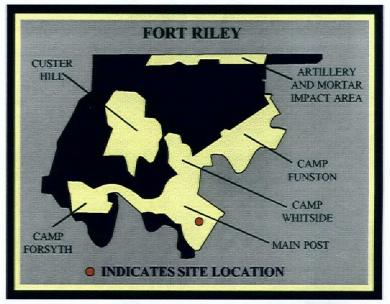
# FTRI-051 BUILDING 727 FORMER SERVICE PIT

#### SITE DESCRIPTION

A maintenance hanger at Marshall Field was built over a portion of a former service pit. It is reported that after the pit was taken out of service, oils and hazardous substances were dumped into the exposed portion of the pit. It was subsequently excavated and backfilled with clean soil. Soil sampling indicated very low levels of Diesel Range TPH, but levels are well below the 100 ppm interim soil clean-up standard set by KDHE in August, 1993. Metals were also detected at low concentrations. Groundwater sampling was performed in FY97 in conjunction with the Building 354-Solvent investigation. A DM was completed in FY98.

## PROPOSED PLAN

No further remedial action is required.





## IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Low Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

VOCs, Metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Groundwater

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

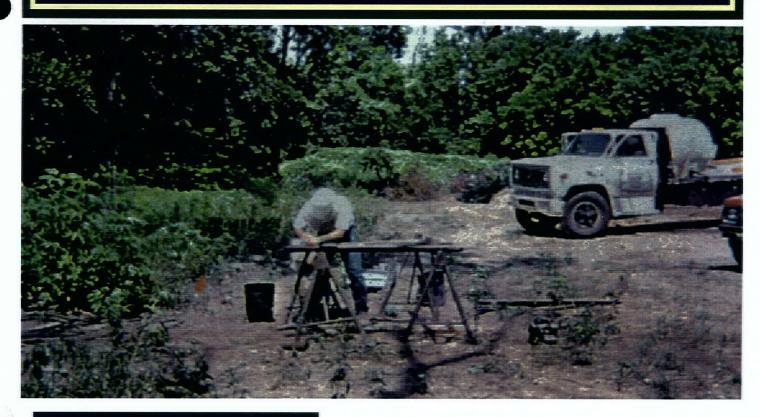
PA/SI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

RI (DD)

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

# FTRI-004 MAIN POST LANDFILL



#### SITE DESCRIPTION

Located in the southern area of Main Post, these dumping areas were used intermittently from approximately 1880 to the late 1940's. Only the areas which received wastes after World War II are of concern. Typical municipal, non-hazardous waste is present. Site investigations indicated low levels (below MCLs) of VOCs in the groundwater. Investigations indicate metals are not a concern in the soils. Additional groundwater monitoring was conducted as part of the Building 354 investigations in FY97. DM was completed in FY98.

## PROPOSED PLAN

No further remedial action is required.

#### **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: Low Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

**VOCs** 

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Groundwater

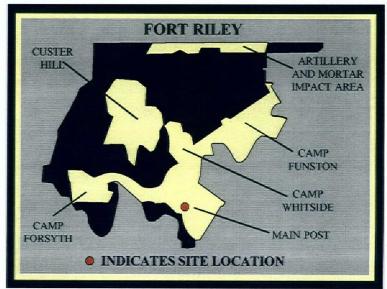
COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

PA/SI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

RI (DD)

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 



# POL/UST SITES

# FTRI-053 POL TANK FARM

#### SITE DESCRIPTION

The POL Tank Farm is a consolidated storage facility located on 1st Division Road, Custer Hill. Contamination is due to documented past surface releases and piping leakage. Limited site investigations have found free product and high levels BTEX and PAHs. Groundwater contamination in the shale formation may be impractical to remediate because of relatively small amounts of groundwater in a fracture controlled formation.

## PROPOSED PLAN

Conduct (IRA) Free Product Recovery.

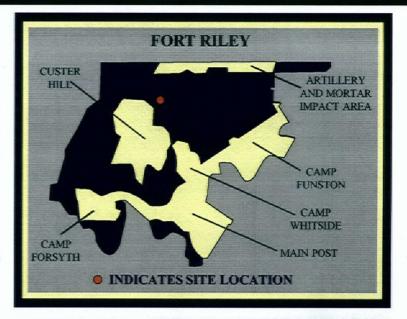
Conduct Groundwater Monitoring.

Perform additional characterization of the soil & ground-water contamination.

Shallow overburden contamination along utility trenches is expected - source removal possible.

Free product recovery (IRA) and natural attenuation are possible actions.

A Remedial Action Plan will be prepared.



#### IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

BTEX, PAHs

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soils, Groundwater

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

PA/SI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

RI/FS

FUTURE IRP PHASE:

LTM

					A STATE OF THE STA	Apple of the same of	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY NAMED IN		
PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+		
RI/FS	5	6	359						
RD									
RA(C)									
RA(O)									
IRA									
LTM			110	60	60	60	360		
PROJECTED TOTAL: \$1,020,000									

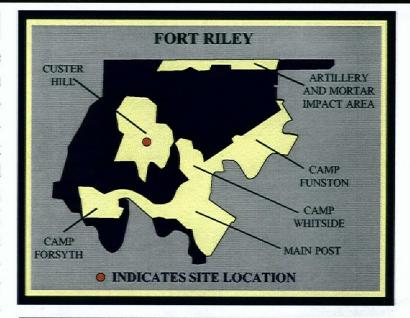
# FTRI-054 CUSTER HILL PX USTS

#### SITE DESCRIPTION

This site was closed and 5 USTs were removed in 1991. In 1995, the station was reopened and above ground storage tanks were installed. Soil contamination was documented during the tank removal. Site investigations have found moderate to high levels of BTEX in ground water and low levels of BTEX in soils. Ground-water contamination in the shale formation may be impractical to remediate because of relatively small amounts of groundwater in a fracture controlled formation. A Remedial Action Plan was submitted to KDHE in 1997. KDHE has placed the site in "on hold" status pending support of "closure". Quarterly sampling was conducted in FY98.

#### PROPOSED PLAN

Long Term Monitoring for 5 years to support closure.



## IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Low Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

BTEX, 1, 2-dichloroethane, methyl-t-butyl ether

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soils, Groundwater

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

Tank Removal, PA/SI, RI

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

LTM

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete

PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+		
RI/FS									
RD									
RA(C)									
RA(O)									
IRA									
LTM	2	2	2	2	2				
PROJECTED TOTAL: \$10,000									

# FTRI-056 ABANDONED GASOLINE LINE

## SITE DESCRIPTION

The site consists of an abandoned 3 mile pipeline and three former underground storage tanks at the terminus. Preliminary assessment conducted by the Corps did not identify any releases along the pipeline in the areas explored. Evidence of releases were identified in terminus area. Preliminary investigation of the terminus area shows contamination in the soil and ground water. A SI was conducted in 1994. Based on the recommendations, further investigation is required. Widespread groundwater contamination not expected. A gas line location survey conducted in FY98 located the line and identified gaps in the line. Line was surveyed in. A work plan for future investigation was awarded in FY98 also.

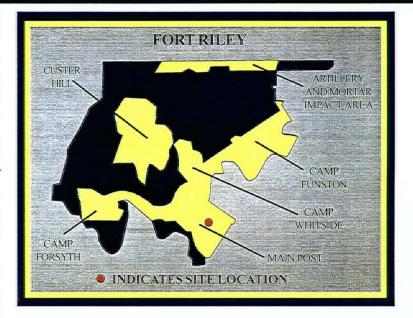
## PROPOSED PLAN

RI will include:

- Geoprobe investigation of soils. Sample for TPH, Benzene and 1,2 DCA
- Install temporary monitoring wells and conduct groundwater samplinig for BTEX and 1,2 DCA
- Install 4 driven well proints at terminus and sample GW for BTEX, Napththalene and 1.2DCA
- Subsurface sampling for TPH, benzene and 1,2 DCA
- Possible removal action to excavate pipeline

LTM will include:

- Conduct quarterly sampling for one year and annual sampling for 4 years
- Abandon wells



## IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Medium Risk
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

BTEX, Lead

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soils, Groundwater

**COMPLETED IRP PHASE:** 

Tank Removal, PA/SI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

RI/FS

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

RA, LTM

## CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE

PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+
RI/FS			300				
RD	The property of the second of	Constitution of the second sec				Appear passed of the control of the	
RA(C)			400				0500 ma 192
RA(O)	The property of the control of the c						
IRA						And the second s	The County of th
LTM			50	40	85	5	50

PROJECTED TOTAL: \$930,000

# FTRI-057 6200 AREA (FUEL OIL UST)

## SITE DESCRIPTION

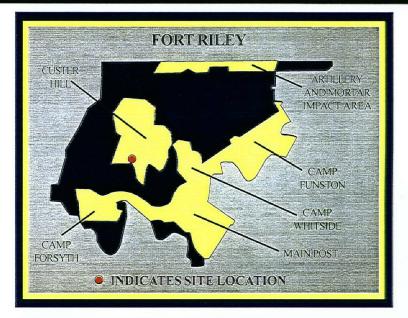
This former heating oil dispensing system consisted of two underground storage tanks and a pump house. The heating oil was distributed through underground piping which serviced 100 housing units. Heating oil was released within the tankhold and along piping trenches which hold water lines and other utilities serving the housing unit. The tanks and the piping have been removed. Source removal of contaminated trench backfill materials and surrounding soils was completed in 1997. Groundwater contamination in the limestone formation may be impractical to remediate because of relatively small amounts of groundwater in a fracture controlled formation. Removal Action Report will be submitted in FY99.



Tentative Groundwater Investigation Planned.

- Install Approximately 6 wells/across the site. -Conduct GW monitoring for BTEX and PAHs.
- Complete a draft Investigation Report
- Draft a Remedial Action Plan
- Conduct quarterly sampling for one year and annual sampling for four year
- Abandon wells.

Dynodeer Avonatic bons



#### IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Low Risk

**CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:** 

TPH, BTEX, PAHs

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soils, Groundwater

**COMPLETED IRP PHASE:** 

PA/SI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

RI/FS, RA

**FUTURE IRP PHASE: LTM** 

LTM

## CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE

PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+
RI/FS	5	145	Manager Processing Control of the Co	Continues to the 19th and 19th		season Pare to Animale and Season Sea	The second of
RD		Americana (				The Charles of Man	Company
RA(C)			KSIC OF SHAPE OF STREET	And the second second		T LINE DO	
RA(O)				Section 1997 and 1997	Marie and September 1		
IRA	10			Section 2017 Acres 10	Control of the Contro		
LTM		90	45	45	90	5	ines to the

PROJECTED TOTAL: \$435,000

# FTRI-062 TMP GAS STATION (BUILDING 388)

# SITE DESCRIPTION

This TMP site is located in the southern portion of the Main Post area. Contamination is due to past leakage from dispensing lines which have been replaced. Site investigations have identified a limited amount of free product, high levels of BTEX in groundwater. Soil contamination is limited. KDHE has approved the Remedial Action Plan (RAP) for long term monitoring. USTs removal April 1998. LTM initiated.



## PROPOSED PLAN

Conduct Free Product Recovery.

Evaluate recovery units versus passive recovery.

Long Term Monitoring for 5 years starting FY98.

After the 5 year site review, no further action is anticipated.

#### **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: High Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Benzene, Toluene, Xylene

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soils, Groundwater

**COMPLETED IRP PHASE:** 

Tank Removal, PA/SI, RI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

IRA, LTM

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

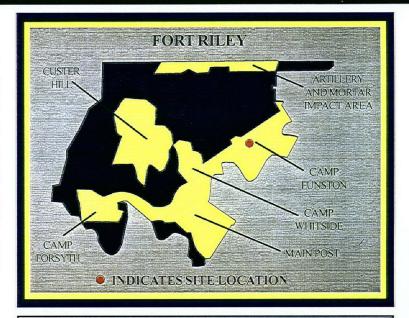
Response Complete

PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+		
RI/FS				The second secon	A service of the serv				
RD	The second secon	The second secon		projection between the control of th	The second secon	The second secon	A THE COST OF THE PROPERTY OF		
RA(C)			Section 1997 - Sectio	The state of the s	Application of the control of the co		September 1		
RA(O)		750 850 85 750 FF			The second secon				
IRA	10	5	continue of pint 12 continue of the continue o	Supering the second of the sec					
LTM	20	15_	15	15					
PROJECTED TOTAL: \$90,000									

# FTRI-063 FORMER BUILDING 1044 DISPENSING AREA

## SITE DESCRIPTION

This site is located in the northwest portion of Camp Funston. The dispensing stations dated from WWII and were used through the 1970's and 80's. The tanks were removed in early 1990's. Site investigations have found soil and groundwater contamination, including a limited amount of free product. KDHE has approved the Remedial Action Plan (RAP) for long term monitoring. LTM started in FY98.



## PROPOSED PLAN

Conduct Free Product Recovery.

Evaluate recovery units versus passive recovery.

Long Term Monitoring for 5 years starting FY98.

After the 5 year site review, no further action is anticipated.

## **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: High Risk

**CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:** 

Benzene, Toluene, Xylene

**MEDIA OF CONCERN:** 

Soils, Groundwater

**COMPLETED IRP PHASE:** 

Tank Removal, PA/SI, RI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

IRA, LTM

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete

PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+			
RI/FS			And the second s		The second secon	Control (April 200) (April 200				
RD		Company of the compan	And the second s	The second of th	A STATE OF THE STA	Total Control of the				
RA(C)	10 METER 1	The second secon	and the second s		District the second					
RA(O)	Control of the Contro	And the second of the second o		ASSESSMENT OF THE PARTY OF THE	A Company of the Comp					
IRA	10	5	5	5	The conduct of the conduction					
LTM	20	15	15	15						
	PROJECTED TOTAL: \$90,000									

# FTRI-066 FORMER BUILDING 1245 DISPENSING STATION

## SITE DESCRIPTION

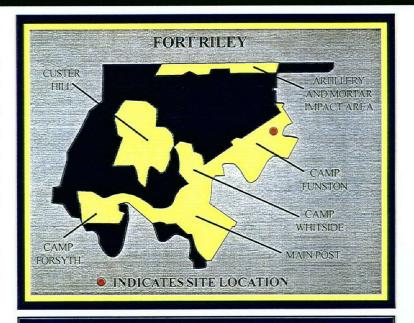
This site is located near the eastern boundary of Camp Funston. The city of Ogden is approximately 4000 feet east of this site. Five USTs were removed in the early 1990's. Site investigation results indicate areas with medium to high levels of TPH and BTEX, which do not appear to be migrating.

KDHE has approved the Remedial Action Plan (RAP) for long term monitoring.



Long Term Monitoring for 5 years started in FY98.

After the 5 year site review, no further action is anticipated.



## **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: High Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

TPH, Benzene, Toluene, Xylene

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soils, Groundwater

**COMPLETED IRP PHASE:** 

Tank Removal, PA/SI, RI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

LTM

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete

PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+		
RI/FS	4100 A G 5 7 7 7 7 1		* canacayay						
RD	Maria John (200)			and the second s	A Charach (Mark Charach)	The second designed of the second seco	The state of the s		
RA(C)									
RA(O)		Mater - William	The state of the s		The second secon	COMPANY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	Promise Promis		
IRA		The second secon	American Services		Section of the sectio				
LTM	25	20	20	- 20					
	PROJECTED TOTAL: \$85,000								

# FTRI-068 FORMER BUILDING 1637 DISPENSING AREA

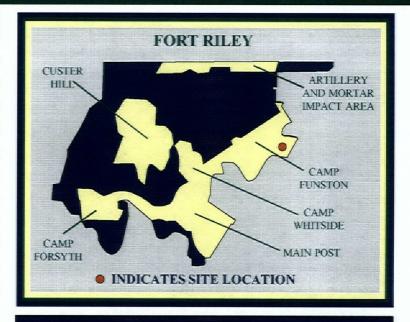
## SITE DESCRIPTION

This site is located in the eastern portion of Camp Funston. The dispensing stations dated from WWII and were used through the 1970's and 80's. The tanks were removed in early 1990's. Site investigations have identified moderate BTEX groundwater contamination. Migration does not appear to be occurring. Soil contamination is low (BTEX). KDHE has approved the Remedial Action Plan (RAP) for long term monitoring.



Long Term Monitoring for 5 years started in FY98.

After the 5 year site review, no further action is anticipated.



## **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: High Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Benzene, Toluene, Xylene

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soils, Groundwater

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

Tank Removal, PA/SI, RI

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

LTM

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete

PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+
RI/FS							
RD							
RA(C)							
RA(O)							The second second
IRA							
LTM	25	20	20	20			
	PRO	JECTE	D TO	TAL:	\$85,00	00	

# FTRI-061 FORMER GAS SERVICE STATION BUILDING 354

## SITE DESCRIPTION

Building 354, which was torn down in FY96, was a former gasoline service station located in the Public Works maintenance yard on Main Post. Leaks in the product fill lines and some contaminated soil were discovered during closure activities. A site investigation has been performed. Moderate POL contamination was found in a limited area, therefore, the state has placed the site in interim monitoring status for the purposes of assessing whether natural attenuation is occurring. For more site history, see 354 Solvent Site FTRI-031.

#### PROPOSED PLAN

Prepare Decision Document. No further remedial action is required.

#### IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Medium Risk
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Benzene, Toluene, Xylene MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Groundwater, Soil

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

Tank Removal, PA/SI

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

RI/FS

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete

# FTRI-067 FORMER BUILDING 1539 DISPENSING STATION

#### SITE DESCRIPTION

This site is located on the west side of Camp Funston. Dispensing stations dated from WWII and were used through 70's and 80's. The tanks removed in early 1990's. Site investigations have found low levels of BTEX in groundwater. A Remedial Action Plan for No Further Action was approved by KDHE.

#### PROPOSED PLAN

No further action is required.

#### IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Medium Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Benzene, Toluene, Xylene MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Groundwater, Soils

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

Tank Removal, PA/SI, RI/FS

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

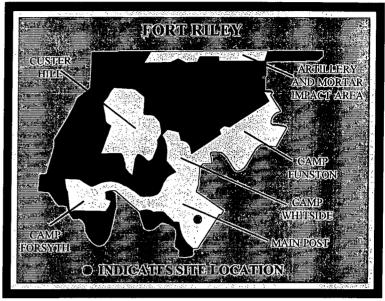
# FTRI-051 BUILDING 727 FORMER SERVICE PIT

#### SITE DESCRIPTION

A maintenance hanger at Marshall Field was built over a portion of a former service pit. It is reported that after the pit was taken out of service, oils and hazardous substances were dumped into the exposed portion of the pit. It was subsequently excavated and backfilled with clean soil. Soil sampling indicated very low levels of Diesel Range TPH, but levels are well below the 100 ppm interim soil clean-up standard set by KDHE in August, 1993. Metals were also detected at low concentrations. Groundwater sampling was performed in FY97 in conjunction with the Building 354-Solvent investigation. A DM was completed in FY98.

# PROPOSED PLAN

No further remedial action is required.





## **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: Low Risk

**CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:** 

VOCs, Metals

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Groundwater

**COMPLETED IRP PHASE:** 

PA/SI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

RI (DD)

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

# FTRI-004 MAIN POST LANDFILL



#### SITE DESCRIPTION

Located in the southern area of Main Post, these dumping areas were used intermittently from approximately 1880 to the late 1940's. Only the areas which received wastes after World War II are of concern. Typical municipal, non-hazardous waste is present. Site investigations indicated low levels (below MCLs) of VOCs in the groundwater. Investigations indicate metals are not a concern in the soils. Additional groundwater monitoring was conducted as part of the Building 354 investigations in FY97. DM was completed in FY98.

## PROPOSED PLAN

No further remedial action is required.

## **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: Low Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

**VOCs** 

**MEDIA OF CONCERN:** 

Groundwater

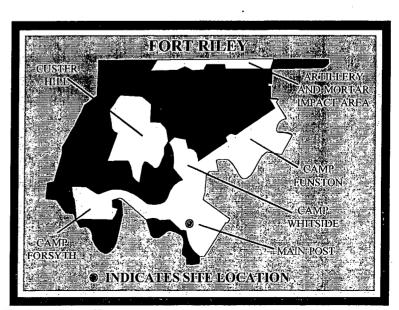
**COMPLETED IRP PHASE:** 

PA/SI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

RI<sub>(DD)</sub>

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 



Fort Riley - Installation Action Plan Site Descriptions - Page 32

# FTRI-053 POL TANK FARM

#### SITE DESCRIPTION

The POL Tank Farm is a consolidated storage facility located on 1st Division Road, Custer Hill. Contamination is due to documented past surface releases and piping leakage. Limited site investigations have found free product and high levels BTEX and PAHs. Groundwater contamination in the shale formation may be impractical to remediate because of relatively small amounts of groundwater in a fracture controlled formation.

#### PROPOSED PLAN

Conduct (IRA) Free Product Recovery.

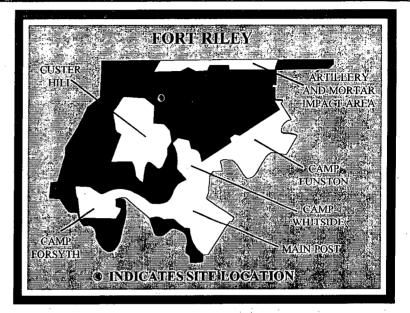
Conduct Groundwater Monitoring.

Perform additional characterization of the soil & ground-water contamination.

Shallow overburden contamination along utility trenches is expected - source removal possible.

Free product recovery (IRA) and natural attenuation are possible actions.

A Remedial Action Plan will be prepared.



# IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk

**CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:** 

BTEX, PAHs

**MEDIA OF CONCERN:** 

Soils, Groundwater

**COMPLETED IRP PHASE:** 

PA/SI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

RI/FS

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

LTM

PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+
RI/FS	- 5	. 6	-359				
RD							
RA(C)					ing the		
RA(O)							<b>建</b> .斯
IRA		2					
LTM			110	≟_60⊭	<b>-</b> 60	- 60	360
	PRO.I	ECTED	TOT	AL: S	\$1.020.	000	

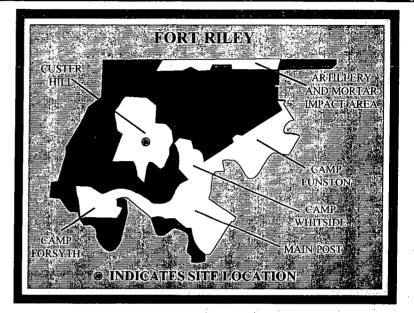
# FTRI-054 CUSTER HILL PX USTS

## SITE DESCRIPTION

This site was closed and 5 USTs were removed in 1991. In 1995, the station was reopened and above ground storage tanks were installed. Soil contamination was documented during the tank removal. Site investigations have found moderate to high levels of BTEX in ground water and low levels of BTEX in soils. Ground-water contamination in the shale formation may be impractical to remediate because of relatively small amounts of groundwater in a fracture controlled formation. A Remedial Action Plan was submitted to KDHE in 1997. KDHE has placed the site in "on hold" status pending support of "closure". Quarterly sampling was conducted in FY98.

## PROPOSED PLAN

Long Term Monitoring for 5 years to support closure.



## **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: Low Risk

**CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:** 

BTEX, 1, 2-dichloroethane, methyl-t-butyl ether

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Soils, Groundwater

**COMPLETED IRP PHASE:** 

Tank Removal, PA/SI, RI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

LTM

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete

	Sign Marin	i i	LOCAL TERM TORN	8	per com materials		grand and an analysis seems.
PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+
RI/FS							en Turke E †2
RD							
RA(C)							
RA(O)		# 17 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1					
IRA							*
LTM	2	2	2	2	2		
	PRO	TECTE	D TO	ΓΔΙ	\$10.00	in .	

# FTRI-056 ABANDONED GASOLINE LINE

# SITE DESCRIPTION

The site consists of an abandoned 3 mile pipeline and three former underground storage tanks at the terminus. Preliminary assessment conducted by the Corps did not identify any releases along the pipeline in the areas explored. Evidence of releases were identified in terminus area. Preliminary investigation of the terminus area shows contamination in the soil and ground water. A SI was conducted in 1994. Based on the recommendations, further investigation is required. Widespread groundwater contamination not expected. A gas line location survey conducted in FY98 located the line and identified gaps in the line. Line was surveyed in. A work plan for future investigation was awarded in FY98 also.

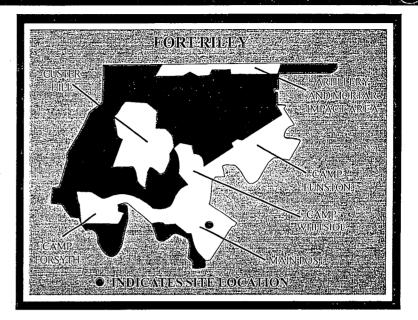


RI will include:

- Geoprobe investigation of soils. Sample for TPH, Benzene and 1,2 DCA
- Install temporary monitoring wells and conduct groundwater samplinig for BTEX and 1,2 DCA
- Install 4 driven well proints at terminus and sample GW for BTEX, Napththalene and 1,2DCA
- Subsurface sampling for TPH, benzene and 1.2 DCA
- Possible removal action to excavate pipeline

LTM will include:

- Conduct quarterly sampling for one year and annual sampling for 4 years
- Abandon wells



#### IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Medium Risk

**CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:** 

BTEX, Lead

**MEDIA OF CONCERN:** 

Soils, Groundwater

**COMPLETED IRP PHASE:** 

Tank Removal, PA/SI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

RI/FS

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

RA, LTM

## **CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE**

PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+
RI/FS			300				
RD				2007 2007 1007 1007 1007 1007 1007 1007			
RA(C)			400	71-188			
RA(O)							
IRA							
LTM	galacean on the		50	40	85	5	50

PROJECTED TOTAL: \$930,000

Fort Riley - Installation Action Plan Site Descriptions - Page 36

# FTRI-057 6200 AREA (FUEL OIL UST)

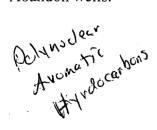
## SITE DESCRIPTION

This former heating oil dispensing system consisted of two underground storage tanks and a pump house. The heating oil was distributed through underground piping which serviced 100 housing units. Heating oil was released within the tankhold and along piping trenches which hold water lines and other utilities serving the housing unit. The tanks and the piping have been removed. Source removal of contaminated trench backfill materials and surrounding soils was completed in 1997. Groundwater contamination in the limestone formation may be impractical to remediate because of relatively small amounts of groundwater in a fracture controlled formation. Removal Action Report will be submitted in FY99.



Tentative Groundwater Investigation Planned.

- Install Approximately 6 wells/across the site. -Conduct GW monitoring for BTEX and PAHs.
- Complete a draft Investigation Report
- Draft a Remedial Action Plan
- Conduct quarterly sampling for one year and annual sampling for four year
- Abandon wells.





## IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Low Risk

**CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:** 

TPH, BTEX, PAHs

**MEDIA OF CONCERN:** 

Soils, Groundwater

**COMPLETED IRP PHASE:** 

PA/SI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

RI/FS, RA

**FUTURE IRP PHASE: LTM** 

LTM

## CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE

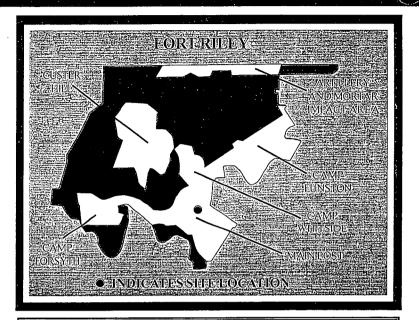
PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+
RI/FS	5	145					
RD		No the desired in the second s					
RA(C)							
RA(O)							
IRA	10					200	
LTM		= <u>_90</u>	45	45	90	<b>5</b>	

PROJECTED TOTAL: \$435,000

# FTRI-062 TMP GAS STATION (BUILDING 388)

## SITE DESCRIPTION

This TMP site is located in the southern portion of the Main Post area. Contamination is due to past leakage from dispensing lines which have been replaced. Site investigations have identified a limited amount of free product, high levels of BTEX in groundwater. Soil contamination is limited. KDHE has approved the Remedial Action Plan (RAP) for long term monitoring. USTs removal April 1998. LTM initiated.



# PROPOSED PLAN

Conduct Free Product Recovery.

Evaluate recovery units versus passive recovery.

Long Term Monitoring for 5 years starting FY98.

After the 5 year site review, no further action is anticipated.

## IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Benzene, Toluene, Xylene

**MEDIA OF CONCERN:** 

Soils, Groundwater

**COMPLETED IRP PHASE:** 

Tank Removal, PA/SI, RI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

IRA, LTM

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete

## CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE

PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+
RI/FS							
RD							
RA(C)							
RA(O)		40100100					
IRA	10	5	5	<b>5</b>			
LTM	<b>20</b>	15	15	15			

PROJECTED TOTAL: \$90,000

# FTRI-063 FORMER BUILDING 1044 DISPENSING AREA

## SITE DESCRIPTION

This site is located in the northwest portion of Camp Funston. The dispensing stations dated from WWII and were used through the 1970's and 80's. The tanks were removed in early 1990's. Site investigations have found soil and groundwater contamination, including a limited amount of free product. KDHE has approved the Remedial Action Plan (RAP) for long term monitoring. LTM started in FY98.



## PROPOSED PLAN

Conduct Free Product Recovery.

Evaluate recovery units versus passive recovery.

Long Term Monitoring for 5 years starting FY98.

After the 5 year site review, no further action is anticipated.

## **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: High Risk CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Benzene, Toluene, Xylene

**MEDIA OF CONCERN:** 

Soils, Groundwater

**COMPLETED IRP PHASE:** 

Tank Removal, PA/SI, RI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

IRA, LTM

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete

## **CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE**

PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+
RI/FS		35325000					
RD							
RA(C)							
RA(O)							
IRA	10	5	5	5			
LTM	20	15	15	15			

PROJECTED TOTAL: \$90,000

# FTRI-066 FORMER BUILDING 1245 DISPENSING STATION

# SITE DESCRIPTION

This site is located near the eastern boundary of Camp Funston. The city of Ogden is approximately 4000 feet east of this site. Five USTs were removed in the early 1990's. Site investigation results indicate areas with medium to high levels of TPH and BTEX, which do not appear to be migrating.

KDHE has approved the Remedial Action Plan (RAP) for long term monitoring.



# IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: High Risk

**CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:** 

TPH, Benzene, Toluene, Xylene

MEDIA OF CONCERN: Soils, Groundwater

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

Tank Removal, PA/SI, RI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

LTM

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete

# PROPOSED PLAN

Long Term Monitoring for 5 years started in FY98.

After the 5 year site review, no further action is anticipated.

## **CONSTRAINED COST TO COMPLETE**

PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+
RI/FS							
RD			1				
RA(C)							
RA(O)		NAMES OF					
IRA							程差
LTM	25	20	20	20			

PROJECTED TOTAL: \$85,000

# FTRI-068 <u>FORMER BUILDING 1637 DISPENSING AREA</u>

# SITE DESCRIPTION

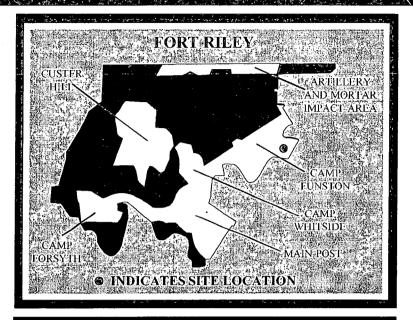
This site is located in the eastern portion of Camp Funston. The dispensing stations dated from WWII and were used through the 1970's and 80's. The tanks were removed in early 1990's. Site investigations have identified moderate BTEX groundwater contamination. Migration does not appear to be occurring. Soil contamination is low (BTEX). KDHE has approved the Remedial Action Plan (RAP) for long term monitoring.



# PROPOSED PLAN

Long Term Monitoring for 5 years started in FY98.

After the 5 year site review, no further action is anticipated.



## **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: High Risk

**CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:** 

Benzene, Toluene, Xylene

**MEDIA OF CONCERN:** 

Soils, Groundwater

**COMPLETED IRP PHASE:** 

Tank Removal, PA/SI, RI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

LTM

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete

PHASE	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005+
RI/FS							
RD			es grande i de la companya de la com		A		
RA(C)	New York (1984) New York New York (1984)						
RA(O)							,
IRA						ement and the street control of the	
LTM	25	20	20	20	****		

# FTRI-069 FORMER BUILDING 1890 DISPENSING STATION

#### SITE DESCRIPTION

This site is located in southwest portion of Camp Funston. The dispensing stations dated from WWII through 70's and 80's. The tanks were removed in the early 1990's. Site investigations have found low levels of BTEX in groundwater. Soil contamination is minimal. A Remedial Action Plan for No Further Action was approved by KDHE.

## PROPOSED PLAN

No further action is required.

#### IRP STATUS

RRSE RATING: Medium Risk

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

Benzene, Toluene, Xylene

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Groundwater, Soil

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

Tank Removal, PA/SI, RI/FS

CURRENT IRP PHASE:

Response Complete

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete

# FTRI-060 MAIN POST PX GAS STATION / 218

#### SITE DESCRIPTION

This site is located on Main Post. Low levels of POL contamination were detected at the time of tank and piping replacement. Site investigations have identified limited amounts of BTEX and lead contaminants in ground water.

#### PROPOSED PLAN

No further action will be conducted under the IRP. However, this site is active and site closure will be conducted under the OMA program.

#### **IRP STATUS**

RRSE RATING: Not Applicable

CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN:

TPH, Benzene, Toluene, Xylene, Lead

MEDIA OF CONCERN:

Groundwater, Soil

COMPLETED IRP PHASE:

Tank Removal, PA/SI, RI

**CURRENT IRP PHASE:** 

Response Complete

**FUTURE IRP PHASE:** 

# FTRI-059, FTRI-064, FTRI-065, FTRI-070, FTRI-071, FTRI-072, FTRI-073

## SITE DESCRIPTION

Dispensing stations dating from WWII through 70's and 90's. Tanks were removed in the early 1990's. Site investigations have been completed. No further action is required at the following sites:

FTRI-059 Remove USTs

FTRI-064 Former Building 1090 Dispensing Station

FTRI-065 Former Building 1190 Dispensing Station

FTRI-070 Former Building 2341 Dispensing Station

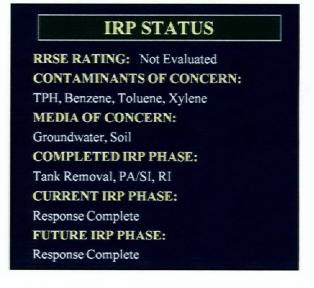
FTRI-071 Former Building 2345 Dispensing Station

FTRI-072 Building 8340 Fuel Oil UST

FTRI-073 Building 8360 Fuel Oil UST

## PROPOSED PLAN

No further action is required at these sites.



# **SCHEDULE**

# **PAST MILESTONES**

#### 1983-1984

Installation Assessment (By USATHAMA)

### 1988-1989

Solid Waste Management Unit Survey (By AEHA)

**IRP** Initiation

### 1990

**NPL Listing Published** 

IAG - Dept. Army Signature

IAG - Fort Riley Signature

#### 1991

IAG - EPA Region VII Signature

IAG - KDHE Signature

IAG Effective Date

#### 1993

PA/SI - Installation Wide Site Assessment

SI/SA - FTRI-032, Impact Zone

SI/SA - FTRI-001, Custer Hill Landfill

RI/FS - FTRI-030, Pesticide Storage Facility

PA/SI - FTRI-027, Dry Cleaning Facilities

# 1994

RI/FS Reports Completed - FTRI-003, SW Funston Landfill (SFL)

REM - FTRI-035 (Excavation of lead contaminated soils, Colyer Manor)

REM - FTRI-030 PSF (Excavation of pesticide contaminated soils)

IRA - FTRI-003 SFL (River bank stabilization and cover repair/improvements) (FY 94-96)

IRA - FTRI-027 DCF (Sewer line replacement- OMA funded) (FY 94-96)

### 1995

REM - FTRI-019 MAAF-FFTA (Soil vapor extraction & bioventing pilot study)

REM - FTRI-027 (Soil vapor extraction pilot study)

RI/FS - FTRI-019 MAAF-FFTA Site Investigation Report

#### 1996

ROD - FTRI-003, SW Funston Landfill

#### 1997

RI/FS Work Plan - FTRI-019 (MAAF-FFTA)

RI Addendum - FTRI-030, Pesticide Storage Facility

PP - FTRI-030 (PSF)

NFA - FTRI-067 and FTRI-069

**RAB** formation

ROD - FTRI-030, Pesticide Storage Facility

SI - FTRI-006 (DRMO & Wherry)

IRA - FTRI-019 (MAAF-FFTA) Exposure Control EE/CA

RAP - FTRI-054, -063, -066, -068

LTM/LTO - Intitutional Control Plan SFL (FTRI-003)

#### 1998

DD - FTRI-various (Multi-Sites and DRMO)

RI Addendum/FS - FTRI-027 Dry Cleaning Facilities

RI/FS - IFI Former Building 354 Solvent Detection (FTRI-031)

LTM - FTRI-054, -063, -066, -068

RA - FTRI-019 (FFTA-MAAF) Exposure Control EE/CA

SI - Addendum Report FTRI-009 (OB/OD)

SI - Addendum Report FTRI-029 (SEFL)

#### 1998

RA-EE/CA, Design SEFL (FTRI-029 & FTRI-036)

PP - DCF (FTRI-027)

RA - FTRI-038 (Forsyth) Bank Stabilization, EE/CA, Design, Action Memo (FY98-99)

DD - FTRI-004 (MPLF), -051 (727), and multiple UST sites

LTM - Annual Report SFL (FTRI-003)

RI - Annual Report Camp Funston GW (FTRI-011)

# **FUTURE MILESTONES**

### 1999

LTM - FTRI-003 Southeast Funston Landfill

RI/FS - FTRI-009 OB/OD

RI/FS - FTRI-011 Camp Funston GW Detections

RI/FS - FTRI-019 Old Fire Training Area-Marshall Army Airfield

RI/FS - FTRI-027 Dry Cleaning Facilities Area

RI/FS, RA - FTRI-029 Old Incinerator Site SE-Camp Funston

RI/FS - 031 Building 354 Area Solvent Detections

RA - FTRI-036 Southeast Funston Landfill

RI/FS, IRA - FTRI-038 Forsyth Landfill(s)

RI/FS - FTRI-053 POL Tank Farm

LTM - FTRI-054 Custer Hill PX USTs

RI/FS, IRA - FTRI-057 6200 Area UST

IRA, LTM - FTIR-062 TMP Gas Station (Bldg 388)

IRA, LTM - FTRI-063 Former Building 1044 Dispensing Area

LTM - FTRI-066 Former Building 1245 Dispensing Station

LTM - FTRI-068 Former Building 1637 Dispensing Area

#### 2000

LTM - FTRI-011 Camp Funston GW Detections

LTM - FTRI-027 Dry Cleaning Facilities Area

LTM - FTRI-057 6200 Area UST

#### 2001

RD - FTRI-027 Dry Cleaning Facilities Area

LTM - FTRI-053 POL Tank Farm

RA, LTM - FTRI-056 Abandoned Gasoline Line

#### 2002

RA - FTRI-27 Dry Cleaning Facilities Area

RA(O) - FTRI-036 Southeast Funston Landfill

#### 2003

RD - FTRI-019 Old Fire Training Area-Marshall Army Airfield

LTM - FTRI-031 Building 354 Area Solvent Detections

#### 2004

RA - FTRI-019 Old Fire Training Area-Marshall Army Airfield

#### 2005

LTM - FTRI-019 Old Fire Training Area-Marshall Army Airfield

# NO FURTHER ACTION SITES

The following sites currently require no further action by the Installation Restoration Program:

FTRI-001 CUSTER HILL SANITARY LANDFILL

FTRI-002 . WHITSIDE CONSTRT. DEBRIS LANDFILL-ACTIVE

FTRI-004 MAIN POST LANDFILL

FTRI-005 CUSTER HILL ROAD RUBBLE DUMP

FTRI-006 DRMO STORAGE AREA

# **NO FURTHER ACTION SITES (continued)**

FTRI-007	PCB STORAGE BUILDING 343
FTRI-008	PCB STORAGE CONEX (BUILDING 348)
FTRI-010	PESTICIDE (2-4D) UST AT CAMP FUNSTON
FTRI-012	WASTE STORAGE DRMO SECONDARY AREA
FTRI-013	ABANDONED VOC TANKS NORTH OF IACH
FTRI-014	HOSPITAL INCINERATOR-IRWIN ACH
FTRI-015	FORMER DRMO LOCATION (DRMO AREA 2)
FTRI-016	WASTE OIL AST-3RD BATTERY
FTRI-017	WASTE OIL AST-4TH BATTERY
FTRI-018	ACTIVE FIRE TRAINING AREA
FTRI-020	INDUSTRIAL WASTEWATER SYSTEM (CUSTER HILL)
FTRI-022	FORMER WWTP AND SLUDGE BEDS-CAMP FUNSTON
FTRI-023	CUSTER HILL WWTP AND SLUDGE BEDS
FTRI-024	FORSYTH WWTP AND SLUDGE BEDS
FTRI-025	MAIN POST WWTP AND SLUDGE BEDS
FTRI-026	RANGE COMPLEX WW LAGOONS
FTRI-028	FMR FIRE TRAINING AREA CAMP FUNSTON
FTRI-032	IMPACT ZONE
FTRI-033	DOUTHIT RANGE
FTRI-034	IMPACT AREA PERIMETER SMALL ARM RANGES
FTRI-035	NON-IMPACT AREA SMALL ARMS RANGES
FTRI-037	OLD WHITSIDE INCINERATOR AREA
FTRI-039	CONSOLIDATED MAINTENANCE FACILITY
FTRI-040	FORMER OIL TESTING LAB (BLDG. 1022)
FTRI-041	FURNITURE REPAIR SHOPS (3)
FTRI-042	TAC VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOPS
FTRI-043	FORMER GAS STATIONS/GARAGES
FTRI-044	FORMER ASPHALT PLANT (NEAR BLDG 354)
FTRI-045	PHOTO AND PRINT PLANTS
FTRI-046	FRMR DSGS - BLDG 1693 AND ADJACENT AREAS
FTRI-047	FORMER LIVESTOCK DIPPING FACILITY
FTRI-048	FORMER PESTICIDES FACILITIES
FTRI-049	MERCURY CONTAMINATION AREAS
FTRI-050	PCB SPILL AREAS /TRANSFORMER SITES
FTRI-051	BUILDING 727 FORMER SERVICE PIT
FTRI-052	INACTIVE LANDFILLS - CAMP WHITSIDE
FTRI-055	MILFORD LAKE CAMPGROUND/MARINA WELLS
FTRI-059	REMOVE USTS
FTRI-060	MAINPOST PX GAS STATION / 218
FTRI-061	FORMER GAS SERVICE STATION BLDG 354
FTRI-064	FMR BLDG 1090 DISPENSING STATION
FTRI-065	FMR BLDG 1190 DISPENSING STATION
FTRI-067	FMR BLDG 1539 DISPENSING STATION
FTRI-069	FMR BLDG 1890 DISPENSING STATION
FTRI-070	FMR BLDG 2341 DISPENSING STATION
FTRI-071	FMR BLDG 2345 DISPENSING STATION
FTRI-072	BLDG 8340 FUEL OIL UST
FTRI-073	BLDG 8360 FUEL OIL UST
	222 0 00001 022 022 001

# Fort Riley IRP Schedule (Based on current funding constraints)

		Complete	d Phase		Underway Phase		Future	Phase
		FY99	FY00	FY01	FY02	FY03	FY04	FY05+
FTRI-003	LTM LTO							
FTRI-009	RI/FS	<b>斯森斯斯斯拉拉</b>			Ingles about the	King a first special		
FTRI-011	RI/FS LTM							
FTRI-019	RI/FS RD RA LTM							
FTRI-027	RI/FS RD RA RA(O) LTM							
FTRI-029	RI/FS RA							
FTRI-030	LTM				WARRENNI AL THAN			
FTRI-031	RI/FS LTM							
FTRI-036	RA RA(O)							
FTRI-038	RI/FS IRA RA(O)							
FTRI-053	RI/FS LTM							
FTRI-054	LTM			GENERAL				

# **Fort Riley IRP Schedule**

(Based on current funding constraints)

		Complete	d Phase		Underway Phase		Future	Phase
		FY99	FY00	FY01	FY02	FY03	FY04	FY05+
FTRI-056	RI/FS RA LTM							187 41
FTRI-057	RI/FS IRA LTM							
FTRI-062	IRA LTM							
FTRI-063	IRA LTM							
FTRI-066	LTM							
FTRI-068	LTM							

# DEFENSE SITE ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION TRACKING SYSTEM

anstallation Phase Summary Report 12/16/98 Installation: FORT RILEY **Programs:** BRAC I, BRAC II, BRAC IV, IRP Subprograms: Compliance, Restoration **Installation count for Programs: NPL Options:** Delisted, No, Proposed, Yes Installations count for Programs and NPL: Site count for Programs and NPL: 71 Phase / Status / Sites PA SI  $\mathbf{C}$ F U RC  $\mathbf{C}$ U  $\mathbf{F}$ RC 71 0 0 4 65 0 16 RI/FS RD C F C U U RC  $\mathbf{F}$ 33 9 0 27 4 2 3 RA(C) RA(O)  $\mathbf{C}$ **RC** U F  $\mathbf{C}$  $\mathbf{F}$ U **RC** 13 0 6 12 0 1 3 0 LTM  $\mathbf{C}$ U F N 0 7 58 Remedy / Status / Sites (Actions) **IRA**  $\mathbf{C}$ U  $\mathbf{F}$ 14 ( ) 1(1 18 ) 1 ( 1 ) **FRA**  $\mathbf{C}$ U F 16 0(0 ( 13 ) 6(7 ) )

**RIP Total:** 

**RC Total:** 

1

59

**Reporting Period End Date:** 

09/30/1998

# DEFENSE SITE ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION TRACKING SYSTEM RISK INSTALLATION ACTION PLAN REPORT

12/16/199

Installation:

FORT RILEY

Major Command: SubCommand:

ijor Command: FORSCOM

		Media	Phase (s)	Phase (s) Phase (s)	#IRA	#IRA	#IRA	LTM	Est. RC	Act. RC	RIP
Site	RRSE	<b>Evaluated</b>	Completed	UnderwayFuture	Completed	Underway	Future	Status		Date	Date
FTRI- 001	NE		PA					N		199308	
			RI SI		~						
FTRI- 002	3A	GW	PA					N		199803	
		SL	RI SI					,			
FTRI- 003	1 <b>A</b>	GW	PA	RAO				U	201409	)	199709
		SH	RAC								
		SL	RD								
			RI								
TOTAL Y		CVV	SI	•						400=40	
FTRI- 004	3A	GW	PA					N		199712	,
			RI 								
			SI								
FTRI- 005	NE		PA		,			N		199305	
FTRI- 006	3A	SL	PA					N	٠	199809	
			RI								
			SI								
FTRI- 007	NE		PA					N		198909	
			SI			•					
FTRI- 008	NE		PA					N		199012	

FTRI-	2A	GW	RAC RD SI PA	RI		·	N	200509
009		SH SL WH	SI					
FTRI- 010	NE		PA				N	199204
			RAC RD SI			•		
FTRI- 011	1 <b>A</b>	GW	PA	RI			<b>F</b>	200009
FTRI- 012	3A	GW	SI PA				N	199509
	<b>N</b> TT		RI SI	•				100000
FTRI- 013	NE		PA RAC	,			N	199202
			RD SI					
FTRI- 014	NE		PA SI				N	198909
FTRI- 015	2A	GW	PA				N	199509
ETDI	NE		RI SI				N	10000
FTRI- 016	NE		PA SI				N	198909
FTRI- 017	NE		PA				N	198909
FTRI-	NE		SI PA				N	198909

											1 450 5 01 7
018										·	
			SI								
FTRI- 019	1A	GW	PA	RI	RAC	2	1	1	F	201309	201210
		SL	SI		RAO RD		•				
FTRI- 020	2A	GW	PA		КD				N	199803	
			RI								
			SI								
FTRI- 022	NE		PA						N	199305	
			SI								
FTRI- 023	NE		PA						N	199305	
			SI								
FTRI- 024	NE		PA						N	199305	
			SI					٠.			
FTRI- 025	NE	,	PA					·	N	199305	
			SI								
FTRI- 026	NE		PA						N	199305	
			SI								
FTRI- 027	1 <b>A</b>	GW	PA	RI	RAC	1			F	200712	200302
		WH	SI		RAO RD						
FTRI- 028	NE		PA						N	199309	
			RAC RI SI								
FTRI-	2A	SL	PA	RD	RAC				N	199912	
029			•								
			RI								
			SI								
FTRI-	3A	GW	PA			1			N	199803	

										1 450 1 01 7
030			•							
050		SH	RI							
~~~~ T		SL	SI	***				_		
FTRI-	1 <b>A</b>	GW	PA	RI				F	200209	
031										
		SL.	SI							
FTRI-	2A	GW	PA					N	199309	
032	211	<b>U</b> 11	111					14	177307	
032		33777	DI							
		WH	RI							
•			SI							
FTRI-	NE		PA					N	199305	
033										
			SI						-	
FTRI-	NE		PA					N	199612	
	IL		171					14	199012	
034			C.T.	•						
			SI							
FTRI-	2A	SL	PA			1		N	199503	
035										
			RI							
			SI							
FTRI-	2A	GW	PA	RD	RAC			NT	100012	
	ZA	G W	IA	ΚĎ	KAC			1N	199912	
036			•••						•	
•			RI							
			SI							
FTRI-	2A	SL	PA					N	199507	
037										
			RI							
			SI							
ETDI	2 4	GW		זמ	DAC			NT	201204	200202
FTRI-	2A	Gw	PA	RI	RAC			N	201204	200203
038										•
		SL	SI		RAO					
					RD					
FTRI-	NE		PA					N	199305	
039				•				- '	233200	
			SÏ				*			
FTRI-	NIE							ът	100205	
	NE		PA					N	199305	
040				•						
FTRI-	NE		PA					N	199507	
041										
	•									

			`				
			RI				
			SI				
FTRI-	NE		PA	•		N	199305
042							
FTRI-	NE		PA		•	N	199305
043				•			
FTRI-	NE		PA			N	199509
044			•			-,	1,,,,,,,
			SI				
FTRI-	3A	SL	PA			N	199507
045	311	5L	171			11	199307
043			RI				
			NI NI				
PODI	2.4	OW	SI			~ *	400-0-
FTRI-	2A	GW	PA			N	199507
046		~~	<b></b>				
		SL	RI				
			SI				
FTRI-	3A	SL	PA			N	199507
047							
	•		RI				
			SI		•		
FTRI-	NE		PA			N	199507
048							
			RI				
			SI				
FTRI-	NE		PA			N	199305
049						-,	1,,,,,,,
			RAC	•			
FTRI-	3A	SL	PA			N	199803
050	211	52	111			14	177003
050			RI				
			SI				
FTRI-	3A	SL	PA			NI	100000
	JA	SL	rA	,		N	199809
051			זמ				
			RI SI		•		
ETDI	NTT:		SI			».T	100505
FTRI-	NE		PA			N	199507
052			DI		~		
			RI				

FTRI- 053	1B	GW <sub>.</sub>		SI PA		RI					F	200108
FTRI- 054	3B	SL GW		SI PA				1			U	199709
		SL		RI SI								
FTRI- 055	3A	GW		PA							N	199507
			SI	RI								
FTRI-056		2B GW SL	PA SI	RI	RAC				F	200112		
FTRI-057		3B SL	PA SI	RI			1		F	200010		
FTRI-059		NE	PA RAC						N			199012
FTRI-060		3B GW SL	PA SI				1		N			199506
FTRI-061		2B GW SL	PA SI				2		N			199510
FTRI-062		1B GW SL	PA RI SI				1		U			199710
FTRI-063		1B GW SL	PA RI SI	v		•	2		U			199710
FTRI-064		NE	PA RAC RI SI						N			199504
FTRI-065		NE	PA RAC RI SI		,				N			199504
FTRI-066		1B GW SL	PA RI SI				1		U			199708

FTRI-067	2B GW SL	PA RI SI	1	N .	199708
FTRI-068	1B GW SL	PA RI SI	2	U	199708
FTRI-069	2B GW SL	PA RI SI	1	N	199708
FTRI-070	NE	PA RAC SI		N	199502
FTRI-071	NE	PA RAC SI		N	199508
FTRI-072	NE	PA RAC SI		N	199508
FTRI-073	NE	PA RAC SI		N	199504

RRSE - Relative Risk Site Evaluation; Risk Category - 1=High, 2=Medium, 3=Low;

Legal Agreement - A = with agreement, B = without agreement; C = Complete, U = Underway, F = Future, N = Not Applicable

**Reporting Period End Date:** 09/30/1998

# REM/IRA/RA ASSESSMENT

# PAST REM/IRA/RA

# Dry Cleaning Facility (FTRI-024) - FY94

The possibility of "slip-lining" the sanitary and storm sewers to reduce or eliminate a driving force moving contamination from soils to the groundwater was evaluated. Camera inspection of the lines indicated, however, that the sanitary sewer line contained too much mineral scaling (from nearby boiler plant) to allow slip-lining. The storm sewer is very steep, circuitous and in pretty good shape, making slip-lining difficult and unnecessary. Therefore, replacement of the one damaged sanitary sewer line was performed. Remaining lines, suspected to leak also, were assessed and a project was completed in 1996 to abandon in-place and construct new lines.

Soil vapor extraction and groundwater extraction and treatment pilot studies were initiated in August 1994. Pumping tests performed on the groundwater extraction wells indicated extremely low flow rates and determined the impracticality of this technology as a remedial action. The test was extended to determine if the mass removal rates would be sustainable (they were not) and because volatiles, (albeit low levels), were being extracted from the soils. The system operated until March 1995, when vapor analysis indicated no detections of VOC's. The action directed at remediating soils was implemented to address this media as a continuing source for groundwater contamination, not because of any determined risk due to exposure to the soils. Had the extraction been sustainable, an EE/CA would have been prepared and a Removal Action undertaken. However, pilot test removed much of the soil contamination.

# Custer Hill Sanitary Landfill (FTRI-001) - FY93/94

Low level contamination was revealed by the site investigation. Rather than carry the site through the CERCLA/IAG process, the site was addressed under the state-administered RCRA subtitle D program for closure and post-closure monitoring.

# Marshall Army Airfield -Former Fire Training Area (FTRI-019) - FY94/95

**Total Construction Cost = \$900,000** 

Initial Site Investigations and off-post private well data indicated there was soil contamination in two areas on post and groundwater contamination likely existed on-post and extended off-post. Since the soil contamination was a potential source for additional groundwater contamination, soil treatment options were considered for implementation of an early action. Pilot Studies were developed for Bioventing and/or SVE in each of the two areas respectively and implemented in the winter 1994/95. These proved successful and were extended to gain additional design information while an EE/CA was being prepared to evaluate performance of these technologies as Removal Actions. The EE/CA was terminated because evaluation of field data (including drop off of removal rates) indicated that much of the contamination had been removed and continued operation was not cost effective.

# **Numerous UST Removals**

Total Construction Cost = \$1,500,000

Numerous additional tank removals have been conducted under OMA tank management program

# Southwest Funston Landfill (FTRI-003) - FY94/96

Total Construction Cost = \$4,000,000

Settlement and minimal maintenance of the closure cover has resulted in ponding and otherwise poor drainage. Landfilling occurred along and near the Kansas River bank. Erosion of materials into the river has occurred. A "Non-time Critical" Removal Action has been completed. The Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis (EE/CA) for cover improvements and bank stabilization was issued for public comment on 16 August 1993. Design was initiated concurrent with preparation of the EE/CA with the intent that the design be complete by the time the Decision Document is completed. However, in light of the stipulated penalties, the Bank Stabilization removal action was expedited and substantially completed by 9 April 1994. It was fully completed by June 1994. The cover portion of the removal action was contracted for 4th Q FY94. Construction of the cover repairs was completed 1995, however it was discovered that insufficient cover existed in some places and a 2nd contract was developed to correct this situation. Additional cover improvements were completed in 1997. LTM and RA(O) were initiated at the site in FY96.

# Pesticide Storage Facility (FTRI-030) - FY94

**Total Construction Cost = \$788,000** 

Removal of contaminated soils was completed in May 1994. Sampling during the removal action revealed significantly greater volumes of contaminated soil than identified in the RI. The amount of soil removed was approximately 2700 tons. This IRA allowed the Final Remedial Action to be No Further Action based on anticipated industrial land use.

# PAST REM/IRA/RA (continued)

### Sensitive Receptor Lead Sites (FTRI-035) - FY94

**Total Construction Cost = \$533,000** 

An "expedited" removal assessment performed in June 1993 revealed that a small area near a housing and recreation area was a "hot spot" of lead contamination. Removal of lead contaminated soils was completed May 1994. The amount of soil removed was 1338 tons.

### 6200 Area Fuel Oil Line (FTRI-057)

**Total Construction Cost = \$2,300,000** 

This former heating oil dispensing system consisted of two underground storage tanks and a pump house. The heating oil was distributed through underground piping which serviced 100 housing units. Heating oil was released within the tankhold and along piping trenches which hold water lines and other utilities serving the housing unit. The tanks and the piping have been removed. Source removal of contaminated trench backfill materials and surrounding soils was completed in 1997.

# **CURRENT REM/IRA/RA**

# Marshall Army Airfield - Former Fire Training Area (FTRI-019)

Private wells in the area have been monitored since this site was discovered. Because private wells have been impacted, an Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis (EE/CA) was performed (completed December 1997) to assess the need for a Removal Action aimed at Exposure Control. New wells outside the plume will be installed for two off-post properties (delayed due to litigation and property access).

Another EE/CA is being prepared to evaluate technologies and develop alternatives appropriate to address the high concentrations in the groundwater plume as an interim action.

# Forsyth Landfill Area 2 (FTRI-038) - FY98

An IRA is being conducted and includes river bank stabilization and erosion control (eroding material has included UXO).

# Southeast Funston Landfill (FTRI-036) - FY98

Due to subsidence of the fill material, an IRA will be conducted to repair the cover.

#### USTs-FY98

LTM will be conducted at five POL UST sites.

# Old IncineratorSite SE-Camp Funston (FTRI-029) - FY99

RΑ

# Southeast Funston Landfill - Inactive (FTRI-036) - FY99

RA

# Forsyth Landfill(s) (FTRI-038) - FY99

IRA

# 6200 Area (Fuel Oil) UST (FTRI-057) - FY99

**IRA** 

# **FUTURE REM/IRA/RA**

### Camp Funston GW Detections (FTRI-011) - FY00

LTM to monitor potential migration to the City of Ogden's municipal well field.

# Marshall Army Airfield - Former Fire Training Area (FTRI-019) - FY03-10

Options being considered include in-situ treatment (i.e. air sparging, potassium permanganate, treantment wall, etc.). LTM is expected to be necessary until 2034.

# Dry Cleaning Facilities Area (FTRI-027) - FY01-07

LTM for assessing natural attenuation of the contaminants in the ground water.

### Abandoned Gasoline Line(FTRI-056) - FY01

# INNOVATIVE MEANS TO EXPEDITE THE STUDY PROCESS TO RA PHASE

- Partnering with the regulators and the RAB Community co-chair through an IAP Development Workshop.
- With concurrence between the signatories of the IAG, perform Removal Actions as "Time Critical" when actions are simple, straightforward, and quickly implementable. Example: "Sensitive Receptor Lead Sites"
- Again, with concurrence between the signatories of the IAG, perform response actions as either "Time Critical" or "Non-Time Critical" Removal Actions rather than initiating RI/FS's. This approach is planned for all sites identified under the IWSA for site investigations. Time and resources will be saved through streamlined study, documentation and decision-making processes.
- For "Non-time Critical" Removal Actions, initiate and perform design and contract documents concurrent with EE/CA preparation, public comment period, and Decision Document preparation and staffing. Procurement actions can be initiated as well, although the Notice-to-Proceed would not be issued until Decision Document signatures have been obtained. There is some risk that re-design and/or contract modifications may be required due to public comment.
- Transfer projects to other on-going regulatory programs to reduce IAG administrative requirements. Example: Custer Hill Landfill
- Use of field screening and other data collection methods such as automated data collection platforms with satellite telemetry, soil gas surveys, "geo-probe" groundwater sampling, cone-penetrometer, geo-physical surveys.
- Use of risk-based corrective action evaluations particularly helpful in addressing UST sites to avoid costly cleanups where little or no risk exists to receptors.

SERTS # SITE TITLE	DHAC	EVOO	EVAN	EVO	EVAN	EVO	EVOA	EVAC	SITE	DISCRIPTION
TRI-003 Southwest Funston Landfill	PHAS	FY99 155	FY00 170	FY01 195	FY02 300	FY03	FY04 75	FY05+ 1180		DISCRIPTION
TRI-003 Southwest Funston Landfill	LTO	20	10	40	10	485	55	880		Monitoring, 5 year reviews, reduce after each review
TRI-009 OB/OD Grounds (RANGE 16)	RI/FS	240	85	85	85	85	105	10		Inspection of cover and repairs
TRI-003 OB/OD Grounds (NANGE 10)	RI/FS	155	95	00	00	00	105	10	095	PY BAR (25) KSU (40) USGS (45), 2 Auto stream samplers, with 6 samples & report  GW modeling, report, DD
TRI-011 Camp Funston GW Detections	LTM	155	160	100	265				775	
TRI-019 FORMER Fire Training Area (FFTA-MAAF)	RI/FS	1015	1255	985	730	655	in the same of the same of		110	Monitoring(70), 5 year review, update model, USGS database
TRI-019 FORMER Fire Training Area (FFTA-MAAF) TRI-019 FORMER Fire Training Area (FFTA-MAAF)	RD	1015	1255	900	730	550	560			Monitoring, NA Study, Reports design of 'reative wall'?
TRI-019 FORMER Fire Training Area (FFTA-MAAF)	RA	0				550	1580	2430		
TRI-019 FORMER Fire Training Area (FFTA-MAAF)	RA(O)	U					1560	2430		alternate water suppy (1000), 'reative wall' reative wall' maintenance?
	LTM							AGAE		
TRI-019 FORMER Fire Training Area (FFTA-MAAF) TRI-027 Dry Cleaning Facilities Area	RI/FS	125						4615		semi-annual, 20 wells?
TRI-027 Dry Cleaning Facilities Area TRI-027 Dry Cleaning Facilities Area	RD RD	165		150						PP/ROD
TRI-027 Dry Cleaning Facilities Area	RA			150	1500					Design of 'reative wall'?
TRI-027 Dry Cleaning Facilities Area					1500	200	200	000		Instaul of 'reactive well'?
TRI-027 Dry Cleaning Facilities Area	RA(O)		400	445	445	200	200	600	5055	reative wall' maintenance?
TRI-027 Dry Cleaning Facilities Area	LTM	- ne	160	115	115	115	115	1620		Well Abandonment, LTM
TRI-029 Old Incinerator Site SE-Camp Funston	RI/FS	25								DM, Institutional Controls
TRI-029 Old Incinerator Site SE-Camp Funston	RA	210			- 40			- 10	235	Soil Removal(185), UXO sweep (25)
IRI-030 Pesticide Storage Facility (Mixing)	LTM	man	788	PR	10			40	50	5 year reviews, and sampling
IRI-031 Building 354 Area Solvent Detections	RI/FS	300	700	50	50			000	0400	Soil & GW investigation
TRI-031 Building 354 Area Solvent Detections	LTM	- nen				50	50	960	2160	semi annual -2024, 5 year review
TRI-036 Southeast Funston Landfill -Inactive	RA	350			-			70		Cover improvements
TRI-036 Southeast Funston Landfill -Inactive	RA(O)				5	50		70	475	5 year reviews, repairs (50)
TRI-038 Forsyth Landfill(s)	RIFS	10								Action Memo
TRI-038 Forsyth Landfill(s)	IRA	800	50							Bank stabilization
TRI-038 Forsyth Landfill(s)	RA(O)				10			20		5 year reports
TRI-053 POL Tank Farm	RI/FS	320	50							Soil and GW investigation
TRI-053 POL Tank Farm	LTM		50	60	60	60	60	360		Free product recovery, LTM
TRI-054 Custer Hill PX USTS BLDG 5320	LTM	2	2	2	2	2				one well
TRI-056 Abandoned Gasoline Line	RI/FS	300								soil and GW investigation
TRI-056 Abandoned Gasoline Line	RA		400							remove pipeline?
TRI-056 Abandoned Gasoline Line	LTM		50	50	40	40	50		930	1 year quarterly, 4 years annually
TRI-057 6200 Area Fuel Oil LINE	RI/FS	150	Mary and							GW investigation
TRI-057 6200 Area Fuel Oil LINE	IRA	10								Report review
TRI-057 6200 Area Fuel Oil LINE	LTM		90	45	45	45	50		435	1 year quarterly, 4 years annually
TRI-062 TMP Gas Station (Bldg 388)	IRA	10	5	5	5					Free product recovery
TRI-062 TMP Gas Station (Bldg 388)	LTM	20	15	15	15					Annually, 5 wells
RI-063 Former Building 1044 Dispensing Station	IRA	10	5	5	5					Free product recovery
TRI-063 Former Building 1044 Dispensing Station	LTM	20	15	15	15					Annually, 5 wells
RI-066 Former Building 1245 Dispensing Station	LTM	25	20	20	20				85	Annually, 6 wells
RI-068 Former Building 1637 Dispensing Station	LTM	25	20	20	20				85	Annually, 4 wells
TOTALS IN THOUSANDS OF DO	ILARS	4337	3407	1957	3307	2412	2900	12785	31105	The complete and the co

DSERTS SITE TITLE	PHASE	FY99	FY00	FY01	FY02	FY03	FY04	FY05+	SITE	DISCRIPTION
FTRI-003 Southwest Funston Landfill	LTM	155	170	195	300	75	75	1180	TOTAL	Monitoring, 5 year reviews, reduce after each review
FTRI-003 Southwest Funston Landfill	LTO	20	10	40	10	485	55	880	3650	Inspection of cover and repairs
FTRI-009 OB/OD Grounds (RANGE 16)	RI/FS	127	253	85	85	110	80	10		PY S&R (25) KSU (40) USGS (45), 2 Auto stream samplers, with 6 samples & report
FTRI-011 Camp Funston GW Detections	RI/FS	155	95	- 00		110	- 00	10	700	GW modeling, report, DD
FTRI-011 Camp Funston GW Detections	LTM	100	160	100	265				775	Monitoring(70), 5 year review, update model, USGS database
FTRI-019 FORMER Fire Training Area (FFTA-MAAF)		1015	1255	1249	483	638			110	Monitoring, NA Study, Reports
FTRI-019 FORMER Fire Training Area (FFTA-MAAF)		1010	1200	1240	400	1110	0			design of 'reative wall'?
FTRI-019 FORMER Fire Training Area (FFTA-MAAF)						1110	1175	2835		alternate water suppy (1000), 'reative wall'?
FTRI-019 FORMER Fire Training Area (FFTA-MAAF)							11170	2000		reative wall' maintenance?
FTRI-019 FORMER Fire Training Area (FFTA-MAAF)								4615	14375	semi-annual, 20 wells?
FTRI-027 Dry Cleaning Facilities Area	RI/FS	133						4010	14070	PP/ROD
FTRI-027 Dry Cleaning Facilities Area	RD	100		150						Design of 'reative wall'?
FTRI-027 Dry Cleaning Facilities Area	RA			100	1500					Instaul of 'reactive well'?
FTRI-027 Dry Cleaning Facilities Area	RA(O)				1000	380	20	600		reative wall' maintenance?
FTRI-027 Dry Cleaning Facilities Area	LTM		160	115	115	115	115	1620	5023	Well Abandonment, LTM
FTRI-029 Old Incinerator Site SE-Camp Funsto		25	100	113	113	113	110	1020	3023	DM, Institutional Controls
FTRI-029 Old Incinerator Site SE-Camp Funsto		210							235	Soil Removal(185), UXO sweep (25)
FTRI-030 Pesticide Storage Facility (Mixing)	The second secon	210			10			40		5 year reviews, and sampling
FTRI-031 Building 354 Area Solvent Detections	RI/FS	91	839	120	50				- 30	Soil & GW investigation
FTRI-031 Building 354 Area Solvent Detections		31	000	120	30	50	50	960	2160	semi annual -2024, 5 year review
FTRI-036 Southeast Funston Landfill -Inactiv		427				50	- 50	300	2100	Cover improvements
FTRI-036 Southeast Funston Landfill -Inactiv	According to the control of the cont	721			5	50		70	552	5 year reviews, repairs (50)
FTRI-038 Forsyth Landfill(s)	RI/FS	10				30		10	332	Action Memo
FTRI-038 Forsyth Landfill(s)	IRA	500	50					200		Bank stabilization
FTRI-038 Forsyth Landfill(s)	RA(O)	500	30		10			200	790	5 year reports
FTRI-053 POL Tank Farm	RI/FS	5	6	359	10			20	190	Soil and GW investigation
FTRI-053 POL Tank Farm	LTM	3	0	110	60	60	60	360	1020	Free product recovery, LTM
FTRI-054 Custer Hill PX USTS BLDG 5320	LTM	2	2	2	2	2	00	300		one well
FTRI-056 Abandoned Gasoline Line	RI/FS			300			S. C.		10	
FTRI-056 Abandoned Gasoline Line	RA			400						soil and GW investigation
FTRI-056 Abandoned Gasoline Line	LTM			50	40	85	_	50	020	remove pipeline?
FTRI-057 6200 Area Fuel Oil LINE	RI/FS	5	145	50	40	00	5	50	930	1 year quarterly, 4 years annually
FTRI-057 6200 Area Fuel Oil LINE	IRA	10	143							GW investigation
FTRI-057 6200 Area Fuel Oil LINE	LTM	10	00	45	45	00	-		405	Report review
FTRI-062 TMP Gas Station (Bldg 388)	IRA	10	90	45	45	90	5		435	1 year quarterly, 4 years annually
FTRI-062 TMP Gas Station (Bldg 388)	LTM	20	15	15	15				00	Annually, 5 wells
FTRI-063 Former Building 1044 Dispensing Station	IRA	10	15	15	15 5				90	
FTRI-003 Former Building 1044 Dispensing Station FTRI-063 Former Building 1044 Dispensing Station	LTM								00	Free product recovery
FTRI-065 Former Building 1044 Dispensing Station	LTM	20 25	15 20	15 20	15 20					Annually, 5 wells
FTRI-066 Former Building 1245 Dispensing Station	LTM	25	20	20	20					Annually, 6 wells
TOTALS IN THOUSANDS OF		3000	3315	3400		2250	1640	12440	The state of the s	Annually, 4 wells
TOTALS IN THOUSANDS OF					3060	3250	1640	13440	31105	
	POM	3000	3315	3400	3060	3250	1640		31105	
	Difference	0	0	0	0	0	0			

# PRIOR YEAR FUNDING

# **FY98**

<b>~~~~</b>	The state of the s			
FTRI-003	IRA	•		\$ 8,216.32
FTRI-003	LTM			\$ 245,000.00
FTRI-003	LTO			\$ 40,000.00
FTRI-006	RI/FS			\$ 26,282.40
FTRI-009	RI/FS			\$ 208,501.69
FTRI-011	RI/FS			\$ 270,027.00
FTRI-019	IRA			\$ 1,555,999.60
FTRI-019				\$ 1,149,997.30
FTRI-027	LTM			\$ 143,000.00
FTRI-027	RI/FS			\$ 158,049.08
FTRI-029	RI/FS			\$ 62,000.00
FTRI-031	RI/FS		. '	\$ 150,000.00
-FTRI-036	IRA			\$ 60,000.00
FTRI-038	IRA			\$ 71,000.00
FTRI-051	RI/FS			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
				\$ 10,000.00
FTRI-053	RI/SR			\$ 65,000.00
FTRI-056	RI/FS			\$ 54,500.00
FTRI-057	RA		, ;	\$ 71,926.59
FTRI-062	LTM			\$ 12,500.00
FTRI-063	LTM			\$ 12,500.00
FTRI-066	LTM			\$ 12,500.00
FTRI-068	LTM		· .	\$ 12,500.00
	Restoration Advisory Board			\$ 40,000
*.	•			

# **COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT**

### TECHNICAL REVIEW COMMITTEE

A Technical Review Committee was organized and met for the first time on January 16, 1992. The TRC charter was approved at the next meeting held on June 18, 1992. Meetings were held approximately twice a year. The TRC has not been active since the fall of 1994.

# FORMATION OF FORT RILEY'S RESTORATION ADVISORY BOARD

Fort Riley held its orientation meeting September 30, 1997 for members of the community who may be interested in participating on a Restoration Advisory Board (RAB). Adjacent landowners, local environmental groups, local college professors, mayors and other public officials, members of the local Chambers of Commerce, and select individuals recommended to the Directorate or Environment and Safety (DES) were invited to the orientation meeting by direct mail. Newspaper advertisements, television and radio announcements were additional methods used to announce the formation of Fort Riley's RAB.

At the orientation meeting, interested community members were asked to complete an application, a biographic information form and a demographic information form, if they had not completed and returned an application to DES before the meeting. A Community Co-chair was elected by community representatives in attendance. Due to the number of applications received, at the present time, everyone that applied to be members of the RAB will serve. Approximately 20 people attended the orientation meeting.

# RAB MEMBERSHIP

The current members include representatives from Northern Flint Hills Audobon Society, Fort Riley military communities, local Environmental businesses, private business, Kansas Water Office, Unified School District 475, Geary County Extension Office, Geary County Health Department, Riley County Planning, Geary County (Commissioner), Clay County (Commissioner), Kansas State University, Kansas Geological Survey, City of Ogden (Mayor), EPA, and KDHE.

# RAB ACTIVITIES

The RAB members have been reviewing projects and funding plans and providing input concerning project priorities. A Public Awarness Education Program was implemented over the past year by holding meetings in the surrounding communities.

# PROJECTIONS FOR THE RAB

Over the next year, the members will continue to gain knowledge of site characteristics and issues, review documents, provide technical advice, and participate in formal public comment period activities.

12/16/1998

**PREFENSE SITE ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION TRACKING SYSTEM** 

RAB REPORT

Command: FORSCOM SubCommand:

**Installation:** FORT RILEY

RAB Established Date: 199709 Reason RAB Not Establish:

RAB Adjourned Date: Reason RAB Adjourned:

**TRC Date:** 199201

RAB Community Members: Total RAB Community 8

**Members:** 

**Business Community** 

Local Environmental Groups/Activists

Local Residents

RAB Government Members: Total RAB Government 10

Members:

Environmental Protection Agency Local Government Officials State Regulators

# **RAB Activities:**

Participated In/Reviewed Risk Evals Provided Comments Or Advice Received Training Reviewed Plans And Technical Docs

# **RAB Advice**

Future Land Use

Other

Site Priorities

Study Of Cleanup Schedule

**TAPP** Application

Approval Date:

**TAPP Project Title:** 

**TAPP Project** 

Description:

Purchase Order

Award Date

Number

**Completion Date** 

Reporting Period End Date: 09/30/1998